



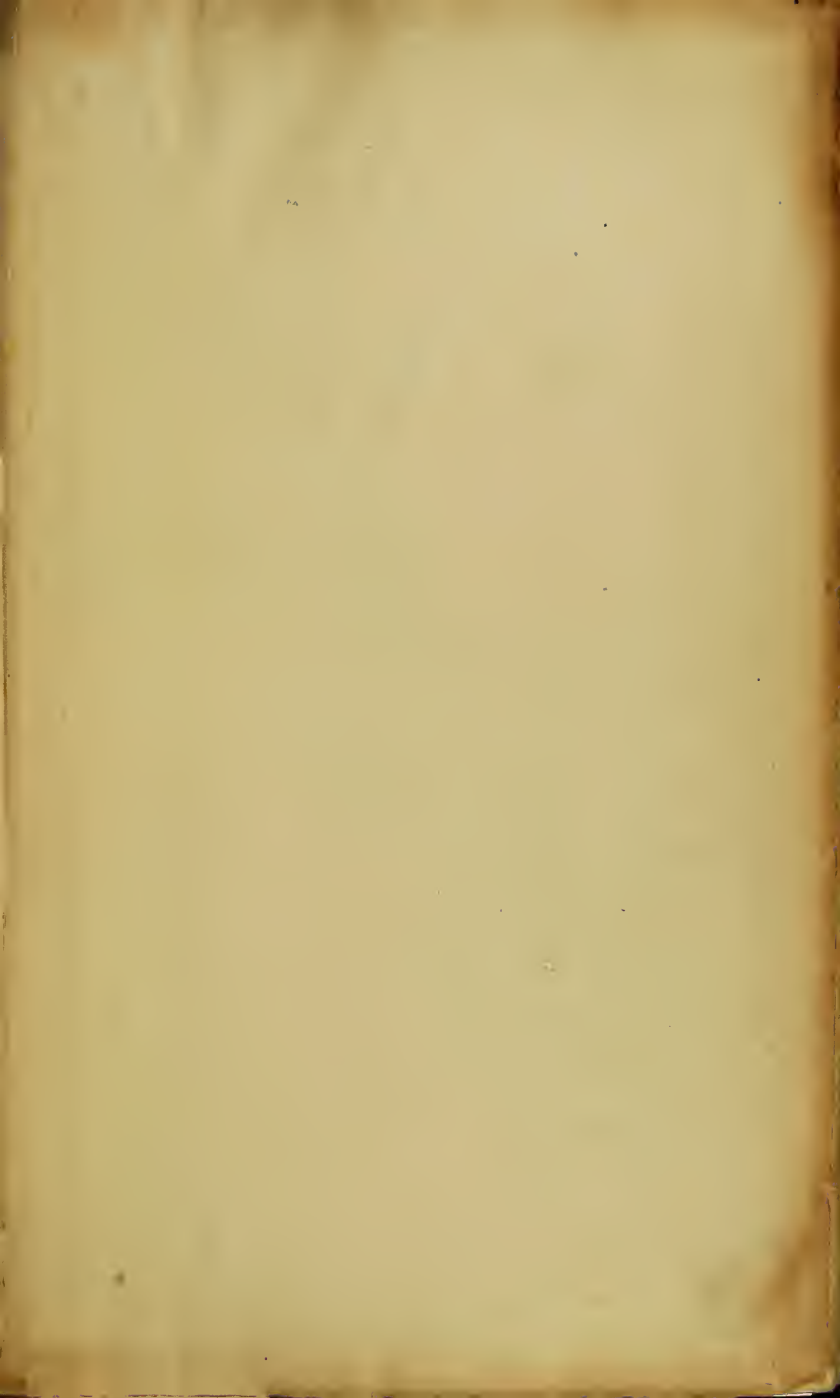
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1923

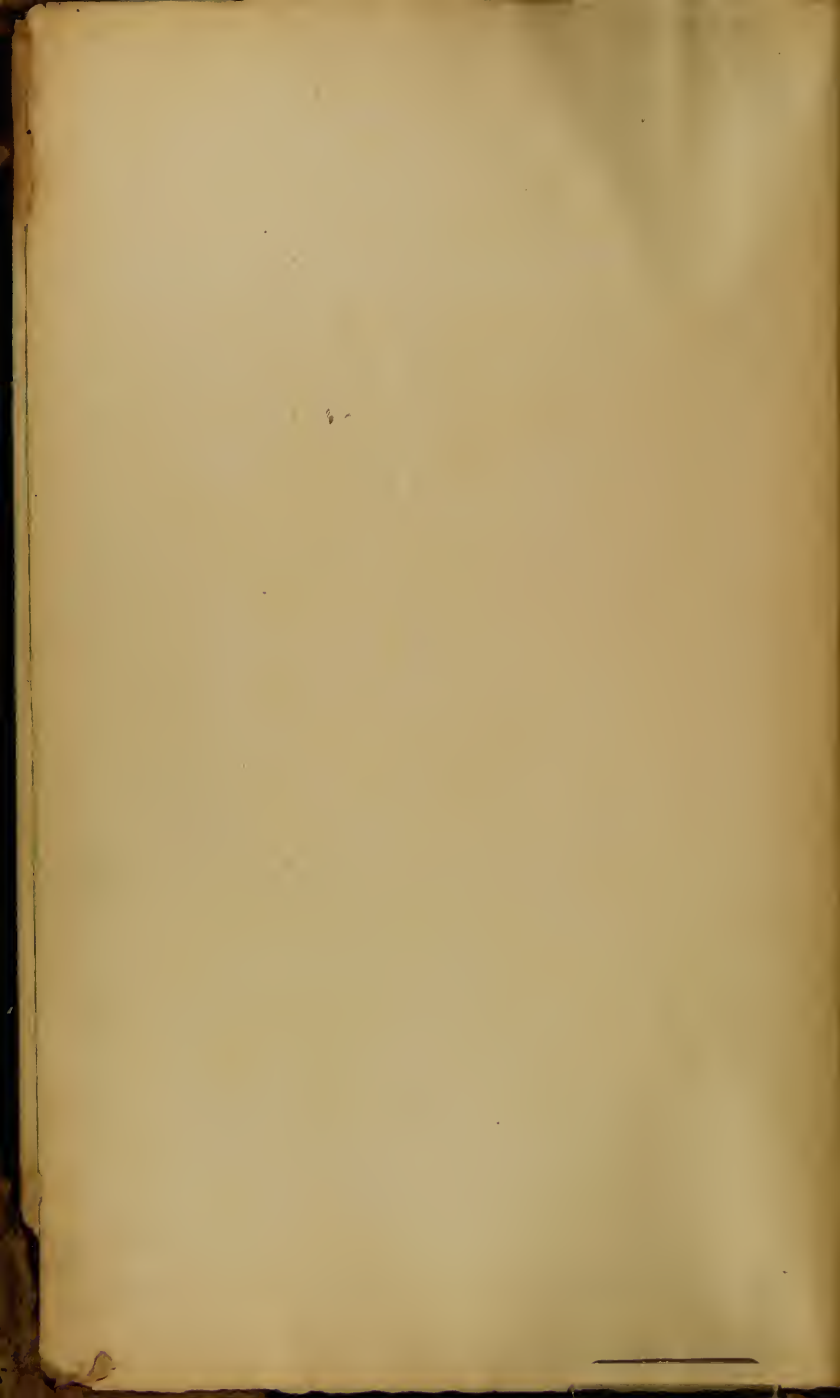


CLASS

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PRESENTED BY





SOUTHERN MEDICAL TRAINING SCHOOL. ATLANTA GA. SECRETARY'S RECORD

At the annual meeting of the Alumni of the Southern Medical College held in the Carnegie Library Atlanta Ga. July 21st 1904. Dr. J. McTadden Gaston President in his address before the association proposed that the Alumni associate themselves with certain other Doctors of Medicine Ministers of the Gospel and Laymen who are interested in missionary work in spreading the Christian Religion, for the purpose of organizing what should be known as The Southern Medical Training School. The primary object of which would be to furnish free medical education to persons either male or female who anticipate entering the missionary field either at home or abroad. Such persons having first furnished sufficient evidence of ability and satisfactory assurance that they will actually enter the field.

Minutes of the meeting of the Committee
on Permanent Organization of the
Southern Medical Training School.
Sept 15th, 1904.

Meeting opened with prayer by Dr.
C. E. Dowman.

Dr. Gaston, presiding, gave a short
talk reviewing the history of the
Southern Medical College and its
absorption by the Atlanta College
of Physicians and Surgeons, and
outlining the scope and purpose
of the Southern Medical Training
School.

Those present then took up the
of certain necessary officers to
carry on the work of the Com-
mittee, which election resulted in
the following choice of persons.

Dr. W. S. Hood, Corresponding Secretary
Dr. E. L. Quotr, Recording Secretary,
Miss F. G. Dolan, Stenographer,
Dr. J. H. Green, Treasurer.

Dr. J. M. F. Gaston, immediately after
the election of the Treasurer, arose
and pledged himself to give \$100.00
One hundred dollars to be paid
Twenty five dollars annually same
to go toward the establishment
and maintenance of the institution

An informal general discussion
as to the best methods of pro-
cedure followed in the course of
which a number of good sug-
gestions were made.

Dr. Samuel Visanska wanted a definite plan. He said, in part: "You have two ladies here as prospective pupils who are not only willing, but ready, to begin. What are you going to do with them? You say you will begin in a small way but you want to begin in as large a way as possible."

Dr. Visanski suggested that the Dental College would be glad to have the students come there for dissection, and that the Y.N.C.A. or Y.W.C.A. would doubtless be willing to allow the use of a room for lectures.

Dr. Green moved that, as soon as the charter had been granted, a special meeting of the committee be called, to take up the questions of advertising the school, procuring rooms and perfecting the organization. This motion was duly seconded and carried.

Dr. Visanska urged that the faculty of the school be selected as early as possible after charter was granted, that each man know what he was to do, and that arrangements be made for opening the school by the 15th of October. Dr. Gaston stated that he saw no reason why work could not begin actively at that time.

Dr. Visanska suggested that the school be advertised in the papers so as to obtain as many students as possible.

Dr. Gaston, in discussing the operation

of the School, stated that a number of pupils would be so situated as to be hardly able to attend in the day time, so that it was thought feasible to have night lessons and that those could be held in the doctor's offices.

On being asked to take part in the discussion, Dr. Dohman stated, in brief.

"Well Gentlemen, I don't think I am ready to say much now. I fully sympathize with the very benevolent and charitable purpose of the movement, and if you can get it in shape, I have no doubt that it will do good. I have, however, such a high regard for the necessity of thorough instruction in the profession, that I must admit that I am not enthusiastic as to the success of the enterprise, carried out on the plan you propose at this time. Of course, I understand that unless somebody plants down the needed dollars, you will have to begin in a small way. But without laboratories and apparatus for expert work, which is so essential in scientific instruction as stated, I do not see exactly how it can be done so as to prepare the students for work as thoroughly as they ought to be. I don't think any of us would want to send people to practice on the heathen that we would not have to practice

ourselves"

Dr Gaston. "As for scientific apparatus, most of the doctors are equipped in their own offices with the very things necessary for this kind of instruction, which will be free to the students. For instance, I was talking to Dr. Amster today. He has just returned from abroad where he has been studying diseases and has all the apparatus necessary for this work. While other doctors have static machines, electrical equipment, etc."

Dr Downman "Of course I am not an expert. My idea is, though, that a young man or young woman preparing for a profession should devote absolutely all of his or her time to it. Of course you know a great deal more about it than I do." Continuing along this line, Dr Downman stated that he was not in favor of the multiplication of educational institutions, but for the bettering of those we had, that he would prefer, if there were a young man or woman in his church who desired to be prepared for medical missionary work, to pay his or her expenses at the Johns Hopkins, or some other college. And that he would not talk to any one about starting a "College" without 100,000 to begin with.

Combating this proposition, Dr Vidauskis

stated that a pretty good microscope could be purchased for \$50 or \$60 and that 20 microscopes would be a fair equipment for 60 persons. That the chemicals for a good laboratory would not cost over \$1,000 to \$2,000. Dr. Visauska^s went on to state that he himself had graduated from the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, which was not only the best institution of its kind in this country, but in the world, and that their entire chemical equipment would not amount to over \$1,000 to \$1,500.

Dr. Visauska stated that few of the doctors had time after graduation to do their own chemical and microscopical work, but that these branches were necessary to be taught nevertheless. He urged that good professors and teachers be selected, and that the students be given practical instruction in clinics and bed-side experience.

Dr. Gaston remarked that the proposed institution would not be in any sense a multiplication of similar ones, as there was nothing like it in the world, and if this was not a success, it would be because the Christian people of the world did not support it.

The meeting closed with prayer by Rev. B. H. Holt.
 (Copy of the minutes as taken by Miss
 T. S. Dolan, acting secretary as the secretary
 was absent, E. L. Austin, Secy.)

Sept 23rd 04.
Southern Medical Training School
met in the office of Dr. J. McF
Gaston in Prudential Bldg.

Meeting called to order by the
Chairman 8:30 P.M. opened
with Prayer by Dr.

The chairman announced that the
charter which had been asked for
by J. McF Gaston, George Brown
Ephraim Smith, Joseph H Green
& B. H. Holt, had been granted
by the Superior Court. Upon
motion of Mr Holt seconded by
Mr Young, same was accepted
by the School. Pasted below
is copy as taken from Fulton County
Daily Report Saturday, August 20th 1904

PETITION FOR CHARTER.

STATE OF GEORGIA, County of Fulton.
To the Superior Court of said County:—

The petition of J. McF. Gaston, George Brown, Ephraim Smith, Joseph H. Green and B. H. Holt, of said County and State, respectfully shows:

1. That they desire for themselves, their associates and successors to be incorporated under the style and name of The Southern Medical Training School.

2. The time for which they ask to be incorporated is twenty years, with the privilege of renewal at the expiration thereof.

3. The object of said incorporation is to establish, maintain and conduct an institution to promote Education, Charity and the Christian Religion, to educate physicians and surgeons and prepare them for medical treatment of diseases of all kinds and to fit and prepare medical missionaries for home and foreign missionary work.

4. The purpose of establishing and maintaining said institution is not for pecuniary gain to its members, but is charitable and eleemosynary and therefore said corporation will have no capital stock. They desire the right to receive and educate students free under rules of said institution regulating same,

and they also desire and ask the right to receive students and pupils and to charge therefor and receive therefrom such reasonable compensation as may be fixed by rules of the institution, or agreed upon, all of whom may be graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine and have all the rights and privileges of doctors of medicine; to educate, fit, train and prepare persons, male and female, as physicians, surgeons and nurses to enter and work in missionary fields and to do such other things needful in the premises incident thereto to carry out the purposes of said institution, not contrary to law.

5. That said institution may receive by donations, gift, devise, bequest or otherwise lands, money or other property, real, personal and mixed, which may be given or otherwise acquired by said institution, and to hold, sell, convey and otherwise manage or dispose of same and likewise to purchase, build, lease, rent, use and manage or dispose of all lands, buildings, machinery and other equipment necessary for the purpose of said corporation with power to borrow money, issue bonds and to give mortgages to secure such bonds or borrowed money, all of which, together with all fees received, shall be used for educational, religious and missionary purposes as hereinbefore stated and for the maintenance and permanent endowment of said institution.

6. That said corporation shall have the power to make such rules and by-laws to govern said institution as may be necessary, not repugnant to law, and especially for the election of trustees and officers to govern said institution and to provide for their successors, and for the management of said institution in all its departments and for the appointment of executive and governing committees and officers, and to regulate their duties and powers, to contract and be contracted with, to sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, to use a common seal and do all needful acts and exercise all powers, privileges and immunities incident to such corporations under the laws of Georgia.

7. That they desire the right to graduate and issue diplomas and certificates of graduation from said institution, according to law.

8. That they may have the right to proceed with the establishment and equipment of said institution, as soon as in the judgment of the above named incorporators, such organization and equipment are sufficient to warrant their belief in the success of said institution.

9. The principal office and place of business of said corporation to be in Atlanta, Fulton County, Georgia.

Wherefore, petitioners pray that, after filing and publishing this petition, as provided

A general discussion followed as to the best method in proceeding to elect a board of Trustees. The final decision being, that there should be eighteen (18) in number six from the Ministers, six from the Doctors, & six to come from the Laity.

Dr. White proposed the six following names from the Alumni of the Southern Medical College

J. M. Gaston	to serve three years
J. H. Greue	to serve three years
George Brown	to serve two years
W. B. Parks	to serve two years
W. S. Wood	to serve one year
E. L. Astry	to serve one year

And the following names from the Ministers —

Rev. H. H. Landrum	to serve three years
Rev. J. L. Phillips	to serve three years
Rev. C. E. Downman	to serve two years
Rev. B. H. Holt	to serve two years
Rev. C. B. Kilmer	to serve one year
Rev. Geo. B. Mack	to serve one year

Upon motion of Dr. White the above names were unanimously elected to serve as trustees for the school for the term of years indicated opposite each name.

Motion, Dr. Holt that there should be a call meeting of the trustees already elected at the earliest possible time for the purpose of electing the remaining other six trustees. Motion carried.

Motion by Dr. [unclear] that committee
be elected to draft statutes
By Laws. The following names
being proposed. Dr. J. M. F. Gaston
Chairman, Dr. Hunter, Dr. Wisanaka
Dr. Hood, Dr. T. C. Longino.
Motion carried.

Upon suggestion of the Secretary
a voluntary collection of \$30.00
was taken up to buy the
Secretary a record book.

Move to adjourn. meeting closed
with prayer by Dr. B. H. Holt.

by law, that may be made a body corporate
by an order of this Honorable Court, under
the name and style of

The Southern Medical Training School.
as aforesaid, with powers, privileges and
immunities incident to such corporations under
the laws of Georgia, and with all the pow-
ers, rights and privileges asked for in this pe-
tition, and such others not especially men-
tioned as may be authorized by law in so far
as they be applicable to like corporations and
institutions.

And petitioners will ever pray, etc.

H. M. PATTY,
Attorney for Petitioners.

Filed in office this 18th day of August, 1904.

ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

STATE OF GEORGIA, County of Fulton—

I, Arnold Broyles, Clerk of the Superior
Court of said county, do hereby certify that
the foregoing is a true and correct copy of
the application for charter in the matter of
SOUTHERN MEDICAL TRAINING SCHOOL
as the same appears on file in this office.

Witness my official signature and the seal
of said Court this August 18th, 1904.

ARNOLD BROYLES,

Clerk Superior Court Fulton County, Geo-
gia.

STATE OF GEORGIA.

COUNTY OF FULTON.

I, Arnold Broyles, Clerk of the Superior
Court of said county, do hereby certify that
the foregoing is a true and correct copy of
the application for amendment to charter in
the matter of Southern Medical Training
School, by changing the name of said corpora-
tion to "International Medical Missionary
College and Training School for Nurses," as
the same appears of file in this office.

Witness my official signature and the seal
of said court, this December 28, 1905.

ARNOLD BROYLES,
Clerk Superior Court Fulton County, G

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.

To the Superior Court of said county:
The petition of Southern Medical Train-
ing School respectfully shows:

1. That your petitioner was duly incor-
porated under the above name by order of
Fulton Superior Court on the 19th day of
September, 1904.

2. Petition says that by a vote of the
Board of Directors of said corporation it
has been decided to change the name of said
corporation to International Medical Mission-
ary College and Training School for Nurses.

Wherefore petitioner prays that said name
shall be changed accordingly, and that after
this petition shall have been duly published
according to law, an order be passed chang-
ing said corporate name to "International
Medical Missionary College and Training
School for Nurses," with all the rights and
privileges granted in the order of September
19, 1904.

ETHERIDGE, BOYKIN & ETHERIDGE,
Attorneys for petitioner.

ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

Filed in office, this December 27, 1905.
Board for any unexpired period.

1905

December 10th 1904

Matriculations made during this
month for session 1904 & 1905
as indicated by attached sheet
signed by matriculates.

Dec 10 th	H. C. Wilson	Fort Valley Ga
" 10 th	Julia C. Pressley	Atlanta Ga
" 10 th	T. G. Dolan	Atlanta Ga
" 10 th	Franklin Blackburn	Atlanta Ga
" 10 th	August E. Orr	Atlanta Ga.
	Mulford	Wells Ohio.

1905
April 13

A. J. Rutledge	Atlanta Ga.
Spacie A. Clayton	Atlanta Ga.
John C. Moore	Atlanta Ga.
Harwell	Atlanta Ga.
Amphries	Atlanta Ga.

Southern Medical Training School



J. McFADDEN GASTON, A.M., M.D., Chairman
W. S. WOOD, M.D., Corresponding Secretary
E. L. AWTRY, M.D., Recording Secretary
J. H. GREEN, M.D., Treasurer

CHARTER MEMBERS

REV. R. H. HOLT
GEORGE BROWN, M.D.
J. H. GREEN, M.D.
EPHRAIM SMITH, M.D.
J. McFADDEN GASTON

February 1st 1905
 Informal meeting of Board of Trustees,
 At which the names of the following
 added to the Board
 W. J. Northey. W. F.
 Woods White.
 J. W. Farlinger
 L. Ethel.

was also authorized.
 printing of cards
 notice to the public
 services to be held
 the week except Sunday
 at Theological Seminary
 and leaflets like
 ched also containing
 motion regarding

years the above
 trustees are to serve
 as follows.

three	1 Year
	1 Year
	2 Years
	2 Years
	3 Years
and	3 Years.

1905

December 10th 1904
 Matriculations made during this
 month for session 1904 & 1905
 as indicated
 Signed by me

DR J. McFADDEN GASTON
 712-715 4TH NATIONAL BANK BUILDING

Dec 10th H. C. Wilson
 " 10th Julia C. Presley
 " 10th T. G. Dolan
 " 10th J. Franklin Blackbr.
 " 10th Angus E. Orr
 Mulgo

1905

April 13 A. J. Rutledge
 Lillie A. Layton
 John C. Moore
 Harwell
 Humphries

Having made up
 study medicine, &
 for matriculation
 Southern Medical

Session 1904 -

Name

H. C. Wilson
 Julia C. Presley
 T. G. Dolan
 J. Franklin Blackbr.
 Angus E. Orr

**Sou
 Tra**

J. McFAD
 W. S. W
 E. L. AW
 J. H. GRI

REV. B. H. I
 GEORGE
 J.

February 1st 1905
 Informal meeting of Board of Trustees,
 at which the names of the following
 added to the Board

ATLANTA, GA

Dec. 10, 1904

W. J. Norther, W. F.
 Woods White.
 J. W. Farlinger
 A. Ethe.

our minds to
 hereby apply
 in the
 Training School

905-

Address-

Fort Valley Ga.
 ly, Atlanta Ga.

was also authorized.
 printing of cards
 notice to the public
 to be held
 the week except Sunday
 at the Theological Seminary
 and leaflets like
 which also containing
 motion regarding

years the above
 trustees are to serve
 as follows.

then

1 Year

1 Year

2 Years

2 Years

3 Years

3 Years

and

1905

December 10th 1904
 Matriculations made during this
 month for session 1904 & 1905
 as indicated.
 Signed by me

DR J. McFADDEN GASTON
 712-715 4TH NATIONAL BANK BUILDING

Dec 10th H. C. Wilson
 " 10th Julia C. Pressley
 " 10th T. G. Doland
 " 10th J. Franklin Blackbr.
 " 10th August E. Orr
 Mulgo

Having made up
 study medicine,
 for matriculation
 Southern Medical

Session 1904 -

Name

H. C. Wilson

Julia C. Pressley

T. G. Doland

1905

April 13 A. J. Rutledge
 Lillie A. Rayton
 John C. Moore
 Harwell
 Humphries

DR J. McFADDEN GASTON
 712-715 4TH NATIONAL BANK BUILDING

**Sou
 Tra**

J. McFAD
 W. S. W
 E. L. AW
 J. H. GRE

REV. B. H. I
 GEORG
 J.

Dean Southern

I authorize

Name, in

for the com

ing April 17,

I promise to pay

matriculation fee

Name -

Age

Residence

Educational

(m)

February, 1st 1905
 Informal meeting of Board of Trustees,
 at which the names of the following
 added to the Board
 W. J. Northen. W. F.
 Woods White.
 J. W. Farlinger
 A. E. E. E.

ATLANTA, GA

Dec. 10, 1904

our minds to
 we hereby apply
 in the
 Medical Training School

1905-

Address-

Fort Valley Gg.
 Ga., Atlanta Ga.

"

ATLANTA, GA

April, 13, 1905
 Medical Training School

you to enter my three
 years to matriculate
 in your semesters, begin-
 1905 for which
 \$5.00 (Five Dollars)
 & other fees as required.

Whitledge
 Twenty Eight
 330 East 12th St
 Atlanta, Ga.

years the above
 trustees are to serve
 as follows.

1 Year
 1 Year
 2 Years
 2 Years
 3 Years
 3 Years

10th 1904

Conservation Resources
Lig-free Type I
Pb & S, Buttered

February 1st 1905

Informal meeting of Board of Trustees,
At which the names of the following
gentlemen were added to the Board
of Trustees. W. J. Northen, W. F.
Slaton, W. Woods White,
Nash R. Boyles, J. W. Farlinger
and Henry A. Ether.

Some printing was also authorized,
including the printing of cards
giving information to the public
regarding clinics to be held
every day in the week except Sunday
at the Atlanta Theological Seminary
and one thousand leaflets like
the one attached also containing
general information regarding
the School.

The term of years the above
newly elected trustees are to serve
are as follows.

Ex. Governor W. J. Northen	1 Year
Major W. F. Slaton	1 Year
W. Woods White	2 Years
Nash R. Boyles	2 Years
J. W. Farlinger	3 Years
Henry A. Ether. Jr.	3 Years

1905
June 26th

June 26th 1905

The Board of Trustees of the Southern Medical Training School met this afternoon in the Office of Dr. J. M. F. Gaston 4th National Bank Building. Four persons were present, Dr. Downman, Dr. Holt, Dr. Gaston and Dr. Wotey.

Meeting opened with prayer led by Dr. Downman.

The Chairman of the Executive Committee (Dr. Gaston) read his report, which is as follows. This Institution continues its clinics every day at noon at the building of the Atlanta Theological Seminary. There were over a dozen patients treated at one of the general medical clinics, while operations have been performed at the Surgical Clinics.

The Summer Course began May 1st and continues until Sept. 1st when the regular course begins. A few students are meeting on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for instruction.

Dr. J. Cheston King of Atlanta has been appointed over the department of Neurology and will conduct clinics.

Dr. W. B. Parks has been appointed to the department of Psychology.

Medical mission notes

The recent Southern Baptist Convention at Kansas City, May 12 - 15th made a strong point of Medical missions in all the fields. In Canton the need is for a lady physician now.

In Kwang-Kein, China, the patients treated at the E. W. Warren Memorial Hospital numbered 5242 this being an increase of 31 percent over the attendance for the previous year.

At Peking 14230 patients were treated last year.

At Laichowfu, all rejoice that medical missionaries have been appointed.

Training schools are reported in many foreign missionary fields. Stations.

There are Theological Training Schools in abundance but we fail to find a truly Medical Missionary Training School such as we have in connection with the Atlanta Theological Seminary."

In motion of Dr. Downman after an informal discussion of the report. The same was unanimously accepted. together with the addition of Dr. King and Dr. Parks to the faculty.

The Committee was also commended for the handsome Catalogue which has been gotten out in connection with the Seminary register, some two thousand copies of which have already been mailed throughout the country.

The question of a building was brought up and freely discussed but no definite plans were made. Meeting adjourned.

E. J. [Signature] Secy

22-05 Meeting, Board of Trustees and Faculty
 Dr. J. M. Fadden's Gaston's office
 Fourth National Bank Building
 August 22nd 1905 3 P.M.
 Meeting called to order by the
 Dean (Dr. Gaston) in the absence
 of the President of the Board of
 Trustees
 Dr. Gaston proposed the name of
 Dr. J. T. Catron, to fill the
 Chair of Military and Naval Surgery
 Also, the name of Dr. J. H. Duncan
 to fill the Chair of Diseases of
 the Chest and also that of
 Lecturer on Clinical Medicine.
 Motion seconded & Carried.

Report of Committee on buildings.
 Dr. Gaston Chairman of Committee,
 reported that the third story
 of the building known as #104
 Edgewood Avenue, had been secured
 under a lease for one year
 at twenty (20) dollars and sixty cents
 per month. further that the con-
 tract had been let for the car-
 penter work, painting, plumbing &
 etc. which would be necessary to
 put the hall in shape for the
 school. Same to be ready for
 occupancy by Sept. 1st 1905.
 Cost of said improvements to be
 in the neighborhood of three
 hundred (300) dollars,

To defray expense for rent, im-
 provements, equipment and etc. it was
 suggested by Dr. Gaston that each
 member of the faculty agree to pay
 into the treasury of the School

five dollars each month or as much of that sum as would be necessary to meet any deficiency until the School could get on a paying basis.

Same unanimously agreed to.

Meeting adjourned.

E. L. Awtry Secy.

1905

Sept. 1st, Southern Medical
Training School opened in the
new quarters #104 Edgewood Ave
for the fall & winter term 1905
& 1906. Dr. L. H. Greene President of
Faculty. Presiding.

A fervent prayer was offered by
Rev. Doctor T. E. Converse asking
God's blessing upon the institution.
The meeting was then addressed
by Dr. Converse, and members of the
Faculty Drs. Gaston, King, Greene,
Catron, and speeches were also
made by some of the students present
including Miss T. G. Dolan. Mr. D. F. Harwell,

knowing those present Sept 1, 1905
at new quarters of Southern
Medical Training School.

104 Edgewood Av. were

James McFadden Easton

Wm S. Wood

Epitaph Smith

Dr. Gaston King

Mrs. Epitaph Smith

J. W. Duncan

Edmund L. Catron

Thos. E. Converse

Margaret A. Cotton

Florence Caldwell

Robt. Hugh Rusk

William Wood

Bessie G. Castlen

Gillette

J. H. Green

B. H. Holt

B. F. Harwell

Lucius C. Orr

Dr. Catron

1905

Register of Matriculates. for
Fall & Winter session A. M. T. S. 1905.Sept 1st.

J. G. Dolan, Atlanta Ga
 Lillie A. Chayton, Atlanta
 Marion Wood, Atlanta.

Prospective
 Sept 1st 1918
 Prospective
 Sept 1st 1908

M. W. Aubrey, Atlanta
 James Gaston Holt, Atlanta
 Morris Wood, Atlanta.
 John C. Moore, Atlanta
 H. Bruce McDaniel, Atlanta

Sept. 9th

D. F. Warrnell, Atlanta
 J. D. Raven, Helms Ga.

Oct. 10th

John H. Hennies Jr. Augusta Ga.

Oct 2nd

William Anderson, Norfolk Springfield, O.

1906

March

Summer Course 1906-7

J. T. Oneal Spruce Sq

1905

September 26.

Meeting of Faculty A. M. T. S. held in the Faculty Room at the College #104 Edgewood Ave. 430 P.M. For the purpose of considering the matter of lecture fees.

Those present were

Dr. J. H. Green President of Faculty

Dr. J. M. Fadden Gaston Dean.

Dr. W. J. Wood

Dr. J. T. Patron

Dr. Ephraim Smith

Dr. J. Cheston King

Dr. Maddox

Dr. W. B. Parks.

Dr. Mack

Dr. E. L. Awtry.

Meeting opened with prayer.

The action of the other new college of medicine (^{Viz.} "The Atlanta ~~School of Medicine~~ ^{Medical College}") that of reducing the fees to forty dollars (\$40.00) was discussed freely by all those present, together with the possibility of our being compelled to also reduce the lecture fees to meet competition, but no decided action ^{was} taken.

Upon motion of Dr. W. B. Parks. The (Dean Dr. Gaston) was given the authority to exercise his judgement in dealing with the situation until further developments.

Meeting adjourned

E. L. Awtry Secy.

1905
September 30th

The Board of Trustees of the S.M.T.S. met in the Faculty room of the College #104 Edgewood Ave at 4:30 P.M. this afternoon. Those present being, Dr. Greene, Gaston, Hood, Rev. Dr. Holt & Dr. E. L. Aubrey.

Meeting opened with prayer by Dr. Holt. Treasurer's report was read and approved upon motion of Dr. Hood seconded by Dr. Holt.

Motion of Dr. Greene that the action of the faculty in reference to fees (lecture fees) that of allowing the Dean to exercise his judgment in dealing with the situation for the present be indorsed. Same seconded by Dr. Holt & Carried. —

Alexander Mack M.D. Presented by Dr. Greene for chair of Anatomy. Election unanimous. Dr. Greene also presented the name of Dr. R. R. Kuie for the chair of Gynecology. Also unanimously elected.

Dr. Gaston read letter which had been received from Mr. H. G. Mulford of Springfield, Ohio stating he would arrive about 15th October to take again take up his studies preparatory for his intended missionary work.

Mr. G. M. Tolhurst was also mentioned by the Dean as having matriculated with the intention of taking up missionary work.

There being no further business the meeting adjourned.

E. L. Aubrey Secy.

Oct 17th 1905. The Board of Trustees of the Southern Medical Training School met in the lecture room of the college #104 Edgewood Avenue this afternoon at 4:30

Those Present being:
 E. Geo. W. Northern, Dr. Philmer, Dr. Hoet
 Dr. Dowman, Dr. Gaston, Dr. Hood
 Dr. Greene, Judge Nash Broyles, &
 Dr. E. L. Aubrey.

Meeting called to order by Dr. Gaston (Dean of Faculty) and upon his motion E. Geo. Northern was elected to preside at this meeting in the absence of the President of the Board of Tr. Dr. J. H. Landrum. E. Geo. Northern accepted the chair and called upon Dr. Dowman to open with prayer.

Minutes of previous meeting were called for and were read by the Secretary and approved.

Election of faculty for the coming year was then called for, which resulted in the nomination & unanimous election of the following names.

Dr. J. F. Gaston Surgery & Chemistry
 Dr. Joseph H. Greene Obstetrics
 Dr. George Brown Throat.
 Dr. Charles F. Maddox Chemistry, Eye & Ear.
 Dr. W. S. Hood Practice of Medicine.
 Dr. J. H. Duncan Diseases of Chest
 Dr. H. Bax Diseases of Tropics.
 Dr. J. Cheston King Nervous Diseases
 Dr. J. D. Catron Minor Surgery
 Dr. W. B. Parks Psychology & Diseases of Language
 Dr. Alexander Mack Anatomy
 Dr. E. L. Aubrey Materia Medica & Pharmacy

Dr. Gaston stated that he had been in communication with Doctor Dowkonnt. who has been interested in the education of men and women as medical missionaries. for the past a number of years. and further stated that the Doctor was much interested in our institution and had expressed a desire to come to Atlanta to investigate the work and be of any assistance possible in getting the people interested.

Dr. Gaston further stated that he thought that it would be a good idea to pay Dr. Dowkonnt's expenses and have him come to Atlanta during the fall or between now and the first of the year and hold a public meeting at one of the churches. at which meeting or series of meetings he could preach to the people and tell them of his experience in this special line of work.

The matter was discussed at some length and finally at the suggestion of the chair it was referred to the executive committee for investigation.

There being no further business the meeting adjourned.

E. L. Awtry Secy.

Nov 7th 1905

Faculty meeting

Those present. Drs. Greene. Gaston
Wood. King. Duncan. Mack. Bax.
Parks. Maddox. Catron & Cuthy.

Upon motion of Dr. Bax. the faculty proceeded to the election of officers for the following year.

Dr. Gaston elected chairman

Dr. Greene. Treasurer

Dr. Wood Corresponding Secretary

Dr. Cuthy Recording Secretary

Report of Treasurer was next called for. Same showed a balance of \$117.05 on hand.

Dr. Gaston chairman of Committee appointed to invite Dr. Dowdson to come to Atlanta on the 15th of November and deliver a series of addresses on Medical missions. Reported that he had communicated the will of the Board of Trustees and Faculty & that he ^{Dowdson} had accepted the invitation to come and be in the city for ~~about~~ one week in interest of the school. Upon motion of Dr. Greene the Faculty as a whole was appointed as a reception Committee to meet Dr. Dowdson at the train.

Dr. Gaston presented the name of Dr. J. C. White for the Chair of Physiology & Pathology.

Dr. Bax moved that the Dean be directed to confer with Dr. J. C. White in reference to the matter. Motion seconded by Dr. Catron & me.

unanimously carried

The matter of anatomical material used
 a place to dissect was discussed.
 & finally upon motion of Dr. Pak
 a Committee of three ~~was~~ Drs. Gaston
 Mack. & Baskin was appointed to
 look into the matter and
 report at the next faculty meeting.
 There being no further
 business meeting adjourned.

E. L. Avery Secy.

Nov. 22nd 05

4 PM.

Board of Trustees of the Southern
Medical Training School met at
in the lecture room of the
College 104 Edgewood Avenue.
Those Present being.

Dr. Kilmer. Dr. Holt.

of the physicians.

Dr. Gaston, Mack, Greene.

Catron. Wood. Maddox. Awtry

of the Laity. M. H. Woods White &
J. M. Harry H. Etheridge.

Dr. Sawkonut. Delivered an address
in which he recommended that the Board be
divided into three Committees i.e. Ministerial
Medical & Financial. the latter implying the
Special duties of each.

Also that the membership of the Board of Trustees
be increased from 18 to 21 -

Trustees to be elected to serve for three years
the Board meeting quarterly - & the various
Committees meeting monthly.

That the Annual meeting of the Board
be held in January for the election of
Officers & Trustees & any other business.

He further recommended that the name of the
College be changed to Southern Medical
Training College -

Upon motion only sec? a Com. of three to
include the Chairman (Dr. Gaston) was
appointed to confer investigate & report
in regard to change of name etc as proposed

104 Edgewood Ave. Nov 29, 1906

A meeting of the Board of Trustees was held as above the following members being present -
 Rev. W. W. Landrum D.D. Chairman - Rev. J. D. Jones
 Rev. J. F. Wilmer and Rev. W. Holt - also D. D. Gaston.
 Henry G. Boone, W. S. Wood, J. K. Green & W. B. Perry

Dr. Dornkott then presented a report of his observation and efforts in the city, accompanied with certain suggestions - Upon motion same was accepted and ordered on file - and is attached to the following paper.

The Special Com. of three app^d at the last meeting presented the following report -

Report of Committee to Board of Trustees of
 the Southern Medical Training School.

Gentlemen,

Your Committee to whom was referred the suggestions contained in the address given by Dr. Dornkott at the last meeting beg to report as follows -

1. We recommend the adoption of the name "International Medical Missionary College & Training School for Nurses."
- 2^d We recommend engaging the services of Dr. Dornkott for a period of four months beginning Jan'y 1st 1906, his compensation being fifty dollars a month, in accordance with his offer.
3. We recommend that the institution be placed upon a distinctly Christian basis with Biblical instruction.

Signed - J. M. F. Gaston

C. D. Wilmer

H. A. - & the rest

Res. 2. nd time duly read Report of Com. adopted, man^d

See pages 120 x 5

Atlanta, Ga., November 29th, 1905.

To the Board of Trustees of the
Southern Medical Training School,
Atlanta, Ga.

Gentlemen:-

In response to your request that I visit your City and give you any counsel and aid in my power in the furtherance of your plans in behalf of the cause of Medical Missions, I arrived here from New York on the night of the 15th, too late, however, to attend a meeting arranged to be held that night. The following morning I met the students of your college and some of the Trustees and Faculty and on the evening of the 17th addressed an enthusiastic gathering at the Capitol Av. Baptist Church.

On Sunday (18th) I addressed three meetings, i.e. Morning, First Congregational Church; Afternoon, Y. M. C. A. and in the Evening, Georgia Avenue Presbyterian Church. On the three days following I spoke in the Presbyterian Church, Decatur; the Tabernacle Baptist Church and the Associated Reform^{ed} Presbyterian Church, this city.

On Thursday^{23rd} and the two days following, by the kind invitation of Ex-Gov. Northern, I attended the Baptist Convention of Georgia, held in Macon, and was given a most cordial reception on the morning of Friday, the 24th, the entire audience standing. It has also been my privilege to come into touch with a number of persons interested in missions, and everywhere I have gone, and by all whom I have met, the same cordiality and interest in the cause I ^{have} ~~am~~ advocating have been shown me.

It seemed to me wise that I should give you the benefit of my observations and conclusions in regard to the cause you have espoused, and at the same time venture to respectfully offer some suggestions as they have occurred to me.

First: As to the actual need for a Medical Missionary College, I may say that for the past ten years, because the medical colleges would give no ^{recognition} ~~sanction~~, we have tried to get

a charter and College of our own, but have failed to do so, owing to the required possession of \$500,000, and it is therefore with great pleasure that we hail the movement you have inaugurated here.

The fact that no Medical Missionary College exists in the United States today which is founded ~~and formed~~ upon an interdenominational basis, such as yours, and that scores, yes, hundreds of young men and women are seeking such aid as you will now be able to give, not only justifies, but demands your ~~assistance~~ ^{aid}.

Second: I have no question as to the success of such an institution, planned and operated upon an efficient and equitable basis, so as to command the attention, respect and support of the Christian Public.

Third: As to the question of an ample supply of students, I may state that for several years I have heard from an average of one hundred a year, and we have only been able to take about one tenth of these. You may rest assured that as soon as it becomes generally known that provision has at last been made for the medical education of missionaries whereby they can be trained as easily in medicine, as to cost, as in Theology, many scores of young men and women will offer themselves, and you will have, perhaps, more than you can care for.

Fourth: As to the quality of the students likely to offer, I have been especially impressed with the high tone of intelligence, and deep earnest spirit, as evidenced in the bright, ready manner of all the young people whom I have met since coming into your midst for the first time in my life, and I have constantly remarked upon the splendid material out of which to build medical missionaries. I have never seen better.

Fifth: The question may arise as to your being able to obtain the funds necessary to establish and carry on this movement.

In response to this, there seems no room for doubt, and for the following reasons:

1st: The South, and especially the City of Atlanta, is enjoying a wave of prosperity such as it has never known before.

2nd: With this progress and prosperity in material things, there has also come among you a spirit of gratitude to God, and of sympathy toward those who are less favored, and the spirit of missions has been shed abroad. This was very distinctly manifest at the Baptist Convention in Macon by the earnest words spoken in behalf of Earth's suffering millions, and the ready and generous responses in the gifts of money, and of others who gave themselves to the cause. Many times during the Convention did various speakers use the sentence "For such a time as this," all being impressed that this time, more than ^{any} ~~the~~ previous time, was the time to "arise and build for God."

In addition to the fact of prosperity being in your midst as never before, may be mentioned another, viz: that as a Nation, we are not only at peace with ourselves, but the whole world, at this time. ^{To day} No bugle blast is calling our noble young men to war, while the clarion cry "come over and help us," comes from the suffering millions in many lands. Surely of all times that are past, and it may be of all yet to come, there is none like the present God-given opportunity to "Attempt great things for God."

And, "Except great things from God."

Having set these things in order for your consideration, permit me to make known some thoughts and suggestions as to how in my opinion this work should be done. And one word, "efficiency," will express what I think is of the first importance. For every reason our medical missionaries need to have the very best training possible. They will have to meet the most terrible cases in the world, and generally be single handed. all

it is for the medical missionary to have as his life-partner either a fellow graduate M.D. or a trained nurse.

Any idea of a mongrel institution at which men could and would suffer as being poor, if pious, should not exist.

All through the twenty five years that we have been engaged in the aiding and training of men and women in New York, "thoroughness" has been our motto and our students have been the "prize takers" at the colleges which they attended, and have also obtained, often by severe competition, hospital appointments in one of the large hospitals in New York City; two such are now serving. ^{while} Nearly two hundred of our students have been sent out by the various Boards to the mission fields during these years.

In addition to efficient medical training being provided, the students should be instructed in the scriptures and in the mission history, and have some knowledge of the religions and customs, also the diseases of the peoples among whom they may

have to live and labor. And it would seem wise, at the very outset, that the religious basis of the institution should be clearly set forth, to insure the confidence and support of the Christian public, and while making full allowance for the non-essential differences existing between the various denominations, a statement of the things taught and "commonly believed among us" (Luke I) should be made clear and plain with no "uncertain sound" such as characterized many of the theological schools of this day.

This position will do more perhaps to command respect and obtain support than almost any other feature.

People have a right to know, before being asked to give of their means, or to give themselves to an institution, the basis upon which it stands ^{and} as the things to be taught therein, whether the "Truth of God as taught by Christ," or the ever changing "opinions of men".

The following suggestions and proposed changes are respectfully submitted:

SUGGESTIONS OFFERED:

NAME

THE SOUTHERN MEDICAL MISSIONARY COLLEGE.
^{and}
 TRAINING SCHOOL FOR NURSES.

Composition of Board of Trustees.

One minister from each of 6 or 7 denominations.

" physician " " " " "

" layman " " " " "

As it may not be always practicable to find the above eighteen or twenty-one men as suggested, the limit of representation of any ^{one} denomination might be increased so as not to exceed one-third of the whole.

I would further suggest the advisability of the Chairman of the Board being a layman, rather than a minister or physician, as being more business-like.

The College should have as its Executive officers, a president and a dean.

The President giving his entire time to the College.

A constitution, by-laws, and regulations for the admissions and guidance of students should be carefully prepared at an early date.

These matters, and any others, should be fully considered and decided upon at an early date in the New Year, or sooner, and a fresh start made of the newly planned organization by the election of any trustees or officers, etc., in January, and the preparation and issuance of a concise statement covering the institution's plans and purposes.

One point more: In addition to the students being well instructed medically and religiously, provision should be made for their residence and boarding together, the advantages of which will be obvious, as binding them together in sympathy and effort, economizing their time and affording fuller opportunities of knowing them.

The medical instruction to be given would be arranged for by the President and Dean, acting with the medical committee; and any details can be left to them. At the same time, it should be understood that provisions will be made for teaching the seven major branches- anatomy, physiology, chemistry, materia medica, surgery, practice and obstetrics and any minor ones, including also tropical diseases and climatology.

While being ready to do all we can with the means at our disposal, be they little or much, a great deal of success otherwise will depend upon our available resources, and this thought should be urged upon all concerned.

It would therefore seem wise to plan somewhat largely, looking to a final issue, and to build as the means are furnished and the necessity arises. It ^{might be desirable} ~~would seem wise~~ to make final plans for the education and residence, with Board, of 200 students. In order to do this, land should be secured sufficient to contain a central building. The College, and back of this a dining hall, also four dormitory buildings, each to accommodate fifty, or, if room allowed, eight buildings might be put up one at a time each to provide for twenty five occupants. These buildings might be named as donors desired.

Roughly speaking, I should judge that the ultimate cost of these buildings would be about as follows:

College building and dining hall, \$40,000; four dormitories each, \$35,000; the whole plant, with land, costing \$200,000. For this sum, or about \$1,000 per capita, residence and medical course for 200 students would be provided in perpetuity. All evangelical denominations should be invited to cooperate in this movement, and to avail themselves of the advantages of such united effort. The scholarships thus provided at \$1000 each would belong to the various denominations founding them, with the understanding that the trustees of the college could utilize any unused scholarships each year. \$25.00 a year from each student would provide for the expenses of teaching

and care of the college buildings.

By careful provision the entire cost of boarding might be met by the payment of \$15.00 per month by each student, or \$120.00 for the course of eight months.

Tuition and residences being ~~was~~ provided almost free, students should be able to provide for their own maintenance by monies already saved or earned during vacation, and be further aided by their own churches if needed. Some students may be employed in the institution, waiting at table, etc., and earn from \$25 to \$50 of their expenses *each year*.

I would advocate that provision for only fifty be made at first, although I am firmly of the opinion that if this institution is operated on such plans as I have outlined, it would likely have in the next decade not less than 200 students within its walls.

The thing to do at the moment would be to try to secure the first \$50,000 as suggested and meanwhile rent a building in which to house and teach about 20 or such number as may be coming to us *in the Fall of 1906*.

As to any further share that I may have in it, I will say that whether I remain in New York or come to your City and take hold of this work, you and it may be sure of any aid that I can render you, but as the members of your special committee appointed last week expressed a desire that I might come and join you in this work and have asked upon what terms I could do so, I would reply that if as a Board you wish me to come I will gladly consent to do so upon the following basis; *in the fall of 1906*:

First, that the religious basis is well established and subscribed to by the members of the Board, students being accepted only upon said basis.

Second, my Society work in New York is such that I would have to return there for December, but could come back to you with the New Year and remain four months, i.e., until May, giving my full time to the furtherance of this work, my family

-8-

not coming with me then.

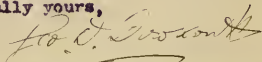
I stand ready to give you my services for these four months at \$50.00 a month and my travelling expenses, leaving my friends in the North to care for my family.

If, on or before the 1st of May, 1906, you wish me to become permanently settled in this work, we could consider terms. I shall, however, only be able to give you eight months of each year as I am already due in Massachusetts at our Mountain Missionary Rest during June, July, August and September, and my support during that time is assured.

This, of course, would relieve you of any care for me during the one third of the year, while I would have the chance to rest and recuperate. It strikes me that the two things would fit nicely.

Thanking you one and all, but especially Dr. Gaston, for your kind and cordial hospitality, I rejoice with you in what has been already done in laying the foundation of one of the noblest and grandest works that man could have in his heart, or could put his hand to, and, wishing you abundant success, I am, dear brethren,

Very cordially yours,



P.S. After writing the foregoing, Dr. Gaston surprised me by suggesting that the word "International" be substituted for "Southern", in the proposed new title of the College, and said the committee of three had agreed to this. It had never occurred to my mind, and had it done so, I do not believe that I would have suggested it to you, but with the suggestion of Dr. Gaston, there arose in the vista quite a number of advantages that would accrue to the cause we all have at heart by such action. While it would be an honorable recognition by you of my many years of labor in New York, you would, on the other hand, profit by all of our [✓]precious record and would the more surely secure the hearty cooperation of the friends in the

North and elsewhere. Knowing as I do now the word "Southern" is bound up in the mind and heart of Dr. Gaston in connection with the college, his father and himself, I am the more agreeably surprised though not astonished, at this further evidence of his christian spirit and character.

If the name "International" is adopted by you on the basis suggested, it will, I believe, improve the outlook and prospect wonderfully.

I should then be able to tell my old friends in the North that at last deliverance had come to us. I could ask them to give to this institution and speak of it as the result of our united action, using the word "ours" rather than "theirs," and they would work for and give to it.

Although you have not asked for a statement of my Christian belief in coming to join you, still I think it is very important that you should be so informed and I here append such a statement.

1-- I believe in God as Creator and Ruler of the Universe, Infinite in power, whose attributes are Righteousness, Justice, Mercy and Truth, and Who is Love.

2-- I believe in the Lord Jesus Christ, not only as being Divine, but Deity--not only existing "before Abraham was," but "before the world was."

3-- I believe in the Holy Ghost as a distinct personality, one with the Father and Son--the converter and convictor of men, also the Comforter, teacher and guide and ever present friend of God's children.

4-- I believe Satan to be a distinct personality also, leading his hosts against the children and Kingdom of God, and that the "whole world lieth in the Wicked One."

5-- I believe in the Holy Bible as God's revealed and revealing word to man, revealing God to man and man to himself as no other book does, and that the bible contains the only Scriptures which Christ preached, endorsed and commanded us to search and teach.

6-- I believe in the atonement as set forth in Isaiah 53,
^{as} and that chapter marvelously and clearly sets forth the atone-
 ment by blood and substitution.

7-- I believe in the universal command of Christ to
 "preach the Gospel to every creature," and to "heal the sick",
 even as he did. With regard to the future state of the Heathen
 and others who never heard the Gospel, it can only be left where
 it must be left, to a God of Love. What should concern us most
 is their present awful condition, and this words fail to set
 forth--horrible, indescribable, yes! verily so--but the simple
 fact is that, contrasted with our conditions in a Christian land,
 these people by hundreds of millions are veritably in Hell now
 in this world, ^{and} The Master says "go," "preach," "heal," and
 in Matt. ²⁸ 1, verse 31 to end, He, Himself, tells us what will
 happen to those who refuse to obey.

Wm. D. Lovett

SOUTHERN MEDICAL TRAINING SCHOOL,

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 29th, 1905.

To

Dr. George D. Dowkontt
of New York.

My dear Doctor:

After you had presented your letter containing report of addresses given by you in behalf of our school, and accompanying suggestions for its development, at the meeting of the Board of Trustees held this afternoon, the board continued in session and took unanimous action as follows; the following members being present:

Rev. C. E. Dorman, Rev. H. D. Hov.
Rev. W. V. Landrum, D. D., presiding; C. B. Wilmer, F. H. Holt, Drs. J. McF. Gaston, George Brown, W. S. Wood, M. L. Awtry and Dr. H. B. Parke.
Green:

REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO BOARD OF TRUSTEES
OF THE
SOUTHERN MEDICAL TRAINING SCHOOL.

Gentlemen:

Your committee, to whom was referred the address made before the Board by Dr. Dowkontt, beg to report:

(I) We recommend the adoption of the name, "INTERNATIONAL MEDICAL MISSIONARY COLLEGE AND TRAINING SCHOOL FOR NURSES".

(II) We recommend the engaging of the services of Dr. Dowkontt for a period of four months, beginning January 1st, 1906, his compensation being fifty dollars per month.

(III) We recommend that the institution be placed upon a distinctly Christian basis with Biblical instruction.

J. McF. Gaston,

C. B. Wilmer,

H. A. Etheridge.

I certify that the above is a correct report of the meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Southern Medical Training School.

The undersigned members of the Board being unable to attend the meeting held on November 29th, have read Dr. Dowkontt's letter and heartily concur in the action taken by those present, and promise any aid in their power to Dr. Dowkontt in furthering the development of the institution.

W. J. Kontt.

By Governor of Georgia

D. G. Phillips,

Pastor Atlanta Reform Presbyterian Church

to be read

Geo. H. Mack,

Pastor Cumberland Presbyterian Church

W. H. Eaton, Supt. Schools, Atlanta

H. A. Etheridge,
attorney at law

W. H. Farkner,
merchant

N. R. Forryles,
city Recorder

Atlanta, Ga,

104 Edgewood Ave. Jan 23'06.

The annual meeting of the board of trustees was held as above, the following members being present: Dr. J. McF. Gaston, Dr. Geo. D. Dowkontt, Dr. W. S. Wood Rev. G. H. Mack, Rev. B. H. Holt and H. A. Etheridge.

The accompanying letter from the International Missionary Society of New York was read by Dr. Gaston.

The following resolutions were adopted:

1. That the following trustees be re-elected to serve until Jan. 1909: Rev. C. B. Wilmer, Rev. G. H. Mack, Hon. W. J. Northen, Dr. W. S. Wood and Dr. E. L. Awtry, and that the Rev. Thos. E. Converse, D. D. be newly elected for the same period to fill the vacancy on the board.
2. That the following four named persons be elected to fill vacancies in the classes whose term ends in 1907 and 1908; G. W. Crankshaw, 1907; Henry S. Wright, M. D., 1907; Dr. G. D. Dowkontt, 1908 and Dr. J. W. Duncan, 1908, provided they agree to serve.
3. That the following comprise the officers of the board for 1906: Chairman, Hon. W. J. Northen, H. A. Etheridge, Secretary, and A. W. Faling, Treasurer.
4. That the executive committee for 1906 be composed of the ~~xxxxx~~ following persons in addition to the three officers: Rev. Drs. Converse and Wilmer and Drs. Dowkontt and Gaston.
5. That the following be the officers of the college until May, 1906: President, Dr. G. D. Dowkontt, and Dean, Dr. J. McF. Gaston.
6. That the Chairman of the Ministerial committee for 1906 be Rev. Dr. W. W. Landrum, and that the Secretary be Rev. B. H. Holt.
7. That the Chairman of the Medical Committee for 1906 be Dr. J. W. Duncan, and the Secretary Dr. E. L. Awtry.
8. That the executive committee be, and hereby is, empowered to prepare and issue a statement of the plans and purposes of the College and provide necessary stationery, applications and receipt blanks etc for use in furthering the work of the institution. And that for this purpose and to meet the railroad expenses of Dr. Dowkontt to this city and return to New York in May, and to Nashville in February, and possibly

to visit other cities, said committee be empowered to expend a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars.

The following by-laws were unanimously adopted. *See next page*

On Motion the meeting then adjourned.

The International Medical Missionary Society

New York City

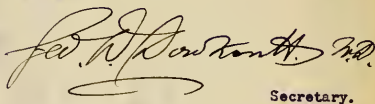
January 4th, 1906.

To the Board of Trustees of
the International Medical Missionary College,
Atlanta, Ga.

Gentlemen:

It gives me pleasure to inform you that at the Annual Meeting of the trustees of this society held this day, the following action was unanimously taken and, in accordance with directions contained therein, I forward you hereon a copy of resolutions passed at said meeting, and remain,

Yours to serve,



Secretary.

Copy of resolutions referred to above.

"Having listened to the report presented by Dr. G. D. Dowkontt to this meeting concerning his visit to the South in November last at the invitation and expense of the Trustees of The Southern Medical Training School, located in Atlanta, Ga., and of the generous action of the trustees of that institution in changing the name of their college to The International Medical Missionary College and Training School for Nurses, the Secretary is hereby instructed to write the trustees of said institution expressing our deep interest in their project and efforts to help on the cause of Medical Missions, with an appreciation of their action in changing the title of their institution and in a spirit of magnanimity recognizing the work done by

Atlanta, Ga,
104 Edgewood Ave. Jan 23'06.

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The following by-laws were unanimously adopted. *See next page*

On motion the meeting then adjourned.

The International Medical Missionary Society

New York City

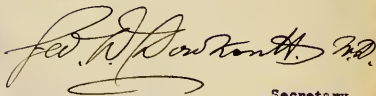
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24
19

The annual meeting
following members be
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idge.

The accompanying
New York was read

The following r

1. That the fo
1909: Rev. C. B. W
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Dr. Geo. D. Dow-
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to visit other cities, said committee be empowered to expend a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars.

The following by-laws were unanimously adopted. *See next page*

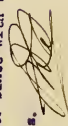
On Motion the meeting then adjourned.

-2-

this society during the past twenty-five years, with the desire also that the college in Atlanta become, as far as possible, a further development of this society's work.

Under these circumstances and with the understanding and belief that the International Medical Missionary College will be conducted in the most efficient manner medically and upon an evangelical basis, the trustees of this society will be pleased to cooperate in every possible way with the college in Atlanta.

Dr. Dowkontt having further explained that the trustees of the International Medical Missionary College desire his services to further develop their institution, this Board heartily acquiesces in the same, and cordially commands Dr. Dowkontt to the Christian Church in the South, leaving to him to make whatever arrangements may seem wise with the friends in Atlanta, simply adding that Dr. Dowkontt came to this city in 1881 and founded this society of which he has been the Medical Director and Secretary, and to which he has devoted himself ever since with the cordial approval and sympathy of this Board, which he still retains.



Charter

AND

By-Laws



Atlanta, Ga.

1906

BY-LAWS.

The seal of the College shall be the same as that used by the International Medical Missionary Society of New York, except in the substitution of the word College for place of Society, and the date of the chartering of the college, 1906, in place of the date of that Society, 1881.

The board of trustees shall be composed as far as possible, of an equal number of ministers, physicians and laymen—not exceeding the total of twenty-one—who are members of some evangelical denomination. The Board shall be so constituted that, as far as possible, it shall equally represent the various denominations, not more than one-third belonging to any one of them.

One-third of the Board of Trustees shall be elected to serve for three years in January of each year. Vacancies occurring in the Board may be filled at any time by vote of the Board for any unexpired period.

The Board shall meet quarterly during January, April, July and October of each year, or oftener if necessary, at the call of the Executive Committee—seven members shall constitute a quorum. Three days' notice of meetings proposed to be held shall be given to members.

Note—Copy of seal is printed on the back of this pamphlet.

The Board of Trustees is naturally divided into three committees—Ministerial, Medical and Financial.

The first named shall supervise the religious conduct of the affairs of the institution, arrange for the Biblical and Missionary instruction of the students in co-operation with the officers of the College.

The Medical Committee shall supervise and arrange for the medical work of the College, including the instruction of the students generally.

This committee shall submit to the Board at its meeting in April each year, the names, etc., of the proposed teachers or members of the Faculty for the ensuing year for the approval of the Board. The committee may fill any vacancies occurring in the Faculty during the interim of the Board meetings in April.

The Finance Committee shall, as its title implies, have charge of the financial and business part of the institution, supervising the raising and expenditure of funds generally.

The above named three committees will meet as often as they may deem advisable, and necessary.

The Executive Committee shall be composed of seven members of the Board, including the three officers, two ministers and two physicians, to be annually elected.

Meetings of this committee shall be held

monthly or oftener if necessary, at the call of the Chairman. At these meetings reports of the progress of the College and any matters pertaining thereto shall be presented by the proper officers or committees.

The duties of the Executive Committee shall be, 1st, to carry out the wishes of the Board as voted from time to time; 2d, to act upon the reception, retention or dismissal of students as submitted to the committee by the President of the College, and, 3d, to generally supervise the business affairs of the College. Four members shall form a quorum.

Members of this committee should receive at least two days' notice of a regular meeting, and three days' notice, if possible, of a special meeting.

The President and Dean of the College shall be elected annually in April. At the same meeting, the Faculty, upon the recommendation of the Medical Committee, shall be elected to serve from October 1st, to May 31st, of the following year.

All meetings of the Board or its committees shall be opened with prayer.

The Women's Auxiliary shall be composed of the wives of the members of the Board of Trustees, who agree to serve, with power, to add to their number.

The purpose of such Auxiliary shall be to aid the trustees in various ways, among them

being the following: To raise funds for renting and purchasing, etc., of the residence or dormitory building, and to care especially for the young women students of the College.

The members of the Auxiliary shall be free to elect their own officers, and arrange their business affairs and meetings, etc., as they may please, in co-operation with the Board and its officers. They may render reports to this Board at its quarterly meetings, but obtained for special or definite objects may be expended by the Auxiliary, all other money for the general work of the institution shall pass through the hands of the treasurer of the Board of Trustees.

Duties of Officers.

The Chairman of the Board of Trustees shall preside at all its meetings, also at that of the Executive Committee, and perform duties generally pertaining to his office.

The Secretary shall keep the minutes of meetings of the Board and Executive Committee, and shall send out notices of all meetings of the Board and of said Committee.

The Treasurer shall receive all monies or given for the work of the College, and deposit them in a reliable bank, drawing the same by check countersigned by the President or Dean, as is necessary to pay all bills and bills in accordance with the action of the Board or Executive Committee, to whom he shall render an account at their meetings.

Any funds donated for scholarships or other special objects, not likely to be used for some time, shall be placed in a savings bank where they may draw interest.

The President shall, as executive officer, have the general oversight of the College and its students and employees—making arrangements for the boarding, residence and education of students, in co-operation with the various committees. It shall be his duty to inspect applications of students and, after bearing from their references, report thereon to the Executive Committee for action.

He shall also make note of the progress in study and general conduct of students, as affording evidence of their fitness for mission service, and report upon the same as necessary.

The Dean shall co-operate with the President in the general conduct of the institution, and in the absence of that officer, shall assume the duties of President. He shall conduct the general correspondence with students and others in regard to the College; arrange for the sending out of literature, keeping records of the students as to their past history, present status while in the College, and a brief statement of their subsequent missionary efforts.

In the absence, or disability, of the Dean his duties shall be performed by the President.

Rules to Govern Students.

Students will be received upon the following basis:

First. They must be members of some Evangelical church and be endorsed generally by their pastors and two others, and should at least be graduates of a high school.

Second. They must fill out an application blank satisfactorily, as to their age, occupation, general health, and full purpose of mission service, etc.

Third. They should not be under twenty or over thirty years of age, as a rule, except in the case of those who have already served on the mission field.

Fourth. Residence and tuition will be provided free of cost to the students, but the charge for board will be \$15 a month and \$20 for the entire session to meet the expense of heating, lighting and cleaning. Total for thirty weeks, \$125. Part of this amount may be earned by waiting table, etc.

Fifth. Students will only be accepted for one year at a time, and the trustees reserve to themselves the right to decline to accept or to dismiss a student at any time.

Sixth. Scholarships which are given for particular denominations will be designated to members of that denomination, except if any remain unused, when the trustees will exercise the right to fill such vacant scholarships.

Seventh. In order to further lessen the expense of students, a loan library of medical books will be open to students at a nominal charge.

With the cost of medical education, etc., so reduced, every young man or woman of earnest purpose ought to be able, by the aid of their churches, or friends, if necessary, and by some work done at the college, to attain their desire and purpose to become a medical missionary.

A special feature of this college is to train nurses as well as physicians for missionary service. They will be aided financially by having cases to nurse as opportunity offers.

A limited course for emergencies, etc., lasting one session, is provided for theological or other missionaries of either sex, who desire some medical knowledge in order to care for themselves and others.

The charter of the College allows the trustees to accept some students who are not intending Medical Missionaries. These will pay fees at this college, as they would at any other, and will thus aid in the support of the institution. Only those of Christian character, however, will be accepted.

When the College shall have received sufficient funds for its support, only intending missionaries will be accepted. Meanwhile others are being accepted to help meet expenses.

The full medical course will occupy four

two years of twelve months each, being equal to three years in medicine. In addition to the subjects generally taught in the medical colleges, instruction will be given in pharmacy, dentistry, climatology and tropical diseases.

Students will be under the general guidance and care of the officers of the College, with whom arrangements may be made to render any possible service, payment being made for the same, as arranged for at the time.

Students will pay \$25.00 upon entrance, being \$15.00 for one month's board, and \$10.00 on account of current expenses. Payment for board should be made each month in advance thereafter, and a second payment of \$10.00 for current expenses be made on February 1st.

A vacation of ten days, embracing Christmas and New Year's day, shall be granted to the students annually. General holidays being also observed.

Approved at meeting of the Board of Trustees, January 23, 1906.

Rom 509 - Century Bldg Mtata
April 20, 1906.

was held as above

At A meeting of the Executive Committee, the following were *being*

present: W. J. Northen, presiding, A. W. Farlinger, Dr. J. M. Gaston
Dr. Geo. D. Dowkontt, *Rev* Dr. T. E. Converse and H. A. Etheridge.

Dr. Dowkontt read the letter hereto appended, touching the progress of the work. Said report was adopted. *See pag. 48 & 49*

The Committee *decided to* recommended to the Board of Trustees that the services of Dr. Dowkontt be secured for the coming year at the salary stated in his report. The Committee expressed their hearty appreciation of the splendid work that Dr. Dowkontt has done since he came among us and also of the self-sacrificing spirit that has characterized him throughout.

He has presented his report, as appended, which was duly adopted.

The Committee requested Dr. Dowkontt to write a letter to the Chairman of each of the Mission Boards informing them as to the completeness and thoroughness of our course and the facilities which it offers.

The regular meeting of the Board was called for next Wednesday at 4 o'clock at the College, and in the meantime the Finance Committee is requested to meet on Monday afternoon, the 23d, at 4 o'clock to devise ways and means of raising necessary funds.

There being no further business the meeting adjourned.

Atlanta, Ga., Apr 20th, 1906.

Report of the Pres. of the College to the Executive Committee:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen:-

By action of the Board of Trustees at a meeting held on Nov. 29th, 1905. I was invited to come to your city and further aid in developing this college, (having at that time spent some ten days with you) and spend the months of Jan. Feb. March, and April of this year. I arrived here Jan 13th, and have been at work since then speaking in various churches to general congregations and to meetings of ladies in your city and attending the great missionary conferences held in Nashville in February.

During this time I have also compiled and issued various kinds of literature and circular letters, 2500 of the latter being sent to various ministers and editors of religious journals. Five thousand pamphlets regarding the college. 2500 concerning the sufferings of women. 100 large cards for use on bulletin boards of Y. M. C. A in cities and colleges have been issued.

Proper application blanks for the use of students and reference blanks to their friends have also been prepared. Copies of the charter and by-laws and 200 collecting cards have been printed and about 50 of the cards placed in the hands of friends as collectors.

As a result of efforts thus put forth we have heard from over sixty prospective missionary students from various States, including Neb. Dak. Ill N. Y., Pa., and five from Canada. About one third of these are women. These sixty persons are in various stages of their education and would not all be ready to come this fall, but probably two thirds of them would ~~w~~ wish to do so if we shall allow a falling off of fifty per cent of these for various reasons we would have fully twenty available students. The full and satisfactory applications of five are now in hand, one being a young woman from Chicago. We have undertaken to provide free residence and tuition, and they are to pay \$125.00 for board etc. Allowing \$75.00 each as cost for renting, furnishing and equipment, we will require at least two thousand dollars for the year's expenses. We may, I think, consider that we have already secured about five hundred dollars of this sum, and I expect to obtain a similar amount through our Society in New York, chiefly on account of students coming from Pa. and N. Y. States

40

We will therefore need at least \$1000.00 in addition to these two sums and the question arises as to how this shall be obtained. I expect to remain with you until May 7th, when I will be obliged to return to N. Y. and go on to Mass about May 15th to take up our summer work of caring for sick and tired-out returned missionaries.

This leads me to some personal remarks regarding myself and any further connection I may have with this work. In Nov. the trustees intimated that they desired me to come to your city permanently. I could not then see my way to do this, but agreed to come for the four months now expired. Permit me to say that it has been a very pleasant and congenial experience for me to be associated with the trustees in furthering the movement, and I rejoice in the success attained and to come. There is, however, no further responsibility resting upon the trustees in regard to my remaining or returning again to your city. If on the other hand, they think the work justifies my doing so, and that I can further serve them and it by returning in the fall, I stand ready to do so. In view of this fact, I think it but just to you and myself to make a clear statement of my circumstances. First, in regard to my family, I have wife and two children, aged 12 and 14 years, to support.

My three oldest children are married and settled; my fourth expects to marry this year. Second, I have no source of income, having simply given my life to this work for bare existence for 30 years, and expect so to continue. Third, during the four summer months when I should not be needed here, I would be provided for in Mass. Fourth, This brings me to speak of eight months' service out of each year, namely, Oct 1, to May 31, and I am willing to serve you as president of this College for this period at a total cost of six hundred dollars, provided I am also given furnished quarters and board for myself and family. I would make the amount two hundred dollars less, but it will cost me \$100 or more each way to bring myself and family to and from this city and N. Y.

If you wish so to do, you can appoint me for one full year from June 1st, next to June 1st, 1907, and pay me \$50.00 each month. If you desire I will return this year by Sept 15th in order to arrange premises and furnishing which might be best left until then, when we would know better just how many students to provide for

Respectfully submitted,



Handwritten:
The ... Report
... 4/20/00

The quarterly meeting of the Board of Trustees was held as above, the following members being present: Rev. Dr. Converse, presiding, Rev. Dr. Dowman; Rev. D. G. Phillips; Rev. B. H. Holt and Drs. Dowkontt, Gaston, Awtry and Wood and H. A. Etheridge.

The minutes of the last regular meeting, and of the meeting of the Executive committee were read and adopted.

In accordance with the recommendation of the executive committee, Dr. G. P. Dowkontt was unanimously elected to serve as President of the College from June 1, 1906 to June 1st, 1907, at a salary of six hundred dollars per year, payable \$50.00 monthly, with furnished rooms and board for himself and wife and two children, in accordance with his letter to the executive committee.

Dr. Dowkontt expressed his thanks to the board and his full purpose to make the college a success in the highest sense, his motto being "thoroughness". He remarked that, while the chief object in his being asked to come here was to raise funds, he had not been as successful in this as he could have wished, but had been more successful than he had expected in recruiting men and women as possible students, nearly seventy having been heard from to date. He pointed out that in providing students with residence and tuition free of cost to them we are giving them what is worth two hundred dollars a year, and we are enabled to do this because our teachers serve gratuitously. The students, however, have their part to perform, and will provide \$125.00 a year to pay for their board. It is important to have students do all they can to support themselves, and we do only that which they are unable to provide.

At the suggestion of Dr. Dowkontt that all parties give as much as possible, the following responses were made; the understanding being that they will give or get said amounts: Dr. Dowkontt, H. A. Etheridge and Dr. Wood, \$50.00 each; Dr. Gaston \$45.00 Dr. Awtry \$25.00; Dr. Converse \$25.00 and Revs. Dowman and Phillips \$10.00 each. Rev. Holt \$5.00

Dr. Dowkontt then ~~ixt~~ offered the following recommendations which were on motion duly adopted:

1. That the three officers of the Board, with the President and Dean of the College, be constituted the "house committee," with power to arrange for the renting and furnishing of suitable premises for the residence of the President and his family and the students of the college; also a place or rooms for the instruction of students.

2. That the chairman and secretary of this board, together with some member of the ministerial committee chosen by them, be constituted the committee on students to act upon the acceptance of students and any questions relating to them that may be referred to the committee by the President from time to time.

3. That all applications from intending missionary students shall be first inspected by the President, and when completed, be indorsed by him on the back of each application form, with any recommendations to the committee on students, who shall then decide upon their acceptance and indorse the papers accordingly. During the summer months the Dean will forward students' papers to the President.

4. The charge to students paying for their tuition shall be one hundred dollars each year, five dollars matriculation fee and twenty-five dollars graduation fee, making total for four years, \$430.00

5. All fees and payments for board etc. shall be made to the president who will issue receipt at time of payment and keep account of all monies received and expended by him, handing over each week to the treasurer the cash received, and presenting an account of receipts and expenditure to the executive committee each month at its meeting. All bills before being paid must be indorsed by the President as correct, or, in his absence, by the Dean.

The following recommendation was referred to the executive committee

"No student, whether missionary or paying tuition, shall be admitted to the college without the consent of the committee on students. Only ~~such paying~~ students of known christian character and who are indorsed by the church of which they are members, and by other persons at the discretion of the committee, shall be admitted to the college as paying students.

The medical committee presented the following names to serve on the faculty for session Oct 1 1906 to May 31, 1907:

Professors

Anatomy, Dr. Isaac T. Catron
Chemistry
Materia Medica, Dr. E. L. Awtry
Obstetrics, Dr. Henry S. Wright
Physiology, Dr. G. D. Lowkontt
Practice, Dr. W. S. Wood
Surgery, Dr. J. McF. Gaston

Clinical Professors:

Diseases of chest, Dr. J. W. Duncan
" " children, Dr. Marion McH. Hull
" " eye and ear, Dr. Chas. F. Maddox

Diseases of nose and throat, Dr. A. W. Stirling
Gynecology, Dr. Walter A. Grove

Lecturers

Dentistry, Dr. Jos. Broughton
Genito-urinary diseases, Dr. J. L. Jarvis
Neurology, Dr. J. Cheston King
Tropical diseases, Dr. Henry Bak
Urinary analysis,

Demonstrators and assistants

Anatomy
Chemistry, Dr. A. H. Cochran
Histology, Dr. P. L. Moon
Pharmacy, D. G. Gunter, Ph. G.
Physiology Dr. C. D. Heard

The medical committee was empowered to fill the above vacancies at a later date.

The resignation of Dr. W. W. Landrum as a member of the board of trustees was accepted, and Rev. J. W. Millard, D. D. was elected to fill the unexpired term of Dr. Landrum.

Dr. Dowman was made chairman of the ministerial committee

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned.

509 Century Building.
May 1, 1906

The monthly meeting of the executive committee was held as above, the following members being present: W. J. Northen, presiding, A. W. Farlinger, Drs. Dowkontt and Gaston and H. A. Etheridge.

Meeting opened with prayer, and the question of the basis of admission of pay students studying for private practice was very fully discussed, and the recommendation made by Dr. Dowkontt to the trustees at meeting April 25th, and referred to the executive committee, was unanimously passed intact, reading as follows:

"No student, whether missionary or paying for tuition, shall be admitted to the college without the consent of the committee on students. Only students of known christian character, and who are indorsed by the pastors of the churches of which they are members, and by two or more other persons, at the discretion of the committee, shall be admitted to the college as paying students."

There being no further business, the meeting then adjourned.

July 16th, 1906.

There was a monthly meeting of the executive committee held as above, at which those present were Drs. Wilmer, Converse, Gaston and A. W. Farlinger and H. A. Etheridge.

The matter of raising money was brought up and discussed, it appearing that there was an indebtedness of some hundreds of dollars which needed to be paid. It was suggested and agreed that those present try in every way in their power to raise some funds. Dr. Wilmer agreed to lay the matter before the publishers and editors of the Atlanta Georgian and get the editor to give the college mention in that paper.

Dr. Converse agreed to get out a circular letter setting forth the claims and the needs of the college, and making an appeal for funds.

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned.

104 Edgewood Ave.

104 Edgewood Ave.

A specially called meeting of the board of trustees convened as above at the college, the object of said meeting being to consider the question of electing to membership on the board Dr. H. S. Alyn, of Brazil.

Dr. Gaston presented the case of Dr. Alyn, showing that he is a medical missionary in Brazil but debarred from practice there without certain delay and other red tape occasioned by the laws of Brazil, unless it could be shown that the said Doctor had been a member of a faculty of a medical college. It was stated that Dr. Alyn would come to Atlanta soon and would sojourn here for some months. It was thought that his services would be valuable to the college as well as the accomplishment of the purpose above indicated.

It was therefore moved and carried that said Dr. Alyn be elected professor of obstetrics and associate professor of the chair of tropical diseases.

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned.

1006 Century Building

Oct 12, 1906

There was a monthly meeting of the executive committee, the following being present: Drs. Wilmer, presiding, Gaston, Dowkontt and Etheridge.

Meeting having been opened with prayer, Dr. Dowkontt reported his arrival in this city on Sept. 29th accompanied by his wife and daughter, to take up the work as president of the college, according to the appointment of April 25th last.

Dr. Gaston had placed some rooms at the disposal of the college, and they were being utilized by Dr. Dowkontt and family. Dr. Dowkontt explained that he had been compelled to advance the expense money for bring himself and family and asked that \$50.00 of the money on hand in the treasury be paid to him on account of salary for June. The motion was carried. In that connection it was also moved and carried that a month's rent on the college be passed up and paid.

The question came up as to the consideration that should be charged to nurses applying to the college, or upon what terms they should be taken, and the matter was referred to the medical committee to be passed on by them and referred to the next regular meeting of the board.

It was decided to call a board meeting for Thursday the 18th of Oct, if that date would be suitable to Gov. Northen.

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned.

104 Edgewood Ave

Oct 26 1906

The regular quarterly meeting of the board of trustees was held as above, the following members present:

W. J. Northen in chair, Rev. Drs. Converse, Wilmer and Millard, Drs. Wood, Gaston and Bowkontt and H. A. Etheridge.

Prayer having been offered by Dr. Wilmer, the ~~minutes~~ of the last regular meeting on April 25th, were read and approved.

Dr. Bowkontt presented the following report and suggestions, which upon motion duly seconded were approved and ordered to be spread on the minutes:

"Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen:

For your general information I lay before you the following facts: I left Atlanta on May 7th last, after a stay of four months with you, and returned here on Sept 28, accompanied by my wife and youngest daughter. My youngest son I left in Mass., so that there will be only three of us ^{at meeting} instead of four to be provided for, in accordance with resolution of April 25th at which I was elected.

Dr. and Mrs. Gaston have generously given the college the free use of three bed rooms, a dining room and kitchen, in which four students besides myself and family can be provided for. In addition, two friends have each offered rooming for two students, so that we have accommodation for eight students in all. The rooms at Dr. Gaston's were partly furnished, and with some furniture I sent on from N. Y. and some since purchased amounting to about \$50.00, we are well supplied.

As to the number of students actually here or coming this year, we are somewhat disappointed. Having heard from over 100 prospective students we fully expected to have twenty or twenty-five come this year. As it is we have received definite applications from fourteen missionary students, of whom probably five or six will come this year. In addition, there are two male students who have already been in attendance at the college as private students, and three young women in training for private nurses, making in all ten or twelve students for this session. If the number has been small, the quality of those who have come is of the very highest.

As to our finances, the treasurer will inform you of our position financially, which will, I think, show an indebtedness to Oct. 1, of about \$500.00. Allowing \$100 for expenses for each of the three re-

maining months of the year, would make in all \$800 needed to close up 1906. Towards this amount we have some promises, possibly in all \$300, leaving \$500 to raise during the next three months. I suggest that the secretary act with the treasurer in an ^{capacity} advisory to decide what payments should be made with the funds in hand or as received. With regard to financial matters as pertaining to myself, I would say that upon my leaving this city in May there was due me a balance of \$87.00. Of this amount I have raised \$80.00, also \$25.00 and \$75.00, in all, \$155.00, and have been paid my salary to July 15th. Of the \$500.00 needed to the end of the year, I hope to obtain \$200.00 from the North, leaving \$300 to be raised here."

Dr. Dorkontt stated that he had met with some persons who seem to doubt the necessity or advisability of such a school as ours in the city, intimating that the other medical schools here could fall the need. This led him to draw up the following reasons which he presented, showing the need for such a school as ours, and setting forth the advantages it has over the regular medical college.

1. Its officers, trustees, teachers and students being christian men and women, and having one aim in common, are in full sympathy with each other.

- 2 Medical missionaries need instruction in various branches not taught in the ordinary medical colleges, such as dentistry, pharmacy, tropical diseases, native medical practices and manners and customs of peoples.

3. They need training in missionary effort no less than in medical practice, and this they obtain in a combined form at the clinics of the college and its branch dispensaries; thus, while doing medical missionary work among the poor here, they learn how best to do it in other lands.

- 4 By being taught in small classes they are brought into closer touch with teachers and patients and all object lessons.

5. Inasmuch as the mission boards exercise great care in appointing missionaries, they are specially grateful for the fullest knowledge regarding candidates, and this can best be obtained in such an institution.

- 6 Such knowledge as to fitness for and devotion to mission effort is also necessary to guide the trustees of the college as to their students, none being taken for more than one year

at a time.

7. By the students living and studying together under christian influences and together engaging in mission effort, though of different denominations, their sympathies are broadened in preparation for work abroad. "

It was moved and carried, upon recommendation from the medical committee that nurses be charged \$25.00 per year for course of two years

Dr. Gaston on behalf of the medical committee offered the following rules for the guidance of nurses in private practice: *see opposite page*

The report was filed
Dr. Dowkontt advised the establishing of dispensaries in connection with the colored mission of the Central Presbyterian church, and same was referred to the Executive committee with power to act.

The vacancies occasioned by the removal from the city of Revs. Holt and Phillips were *reported* suggested, and the matter of filling them was referred to the ministerial committee. *nominating others to*

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned.

VIII.

The college contemplates a certain amount of co-operation from Miss Chute, who is expected to be in the college taking a course in medicine.

IX.

She may be known as head-nurse, with the request that she submit her plans to the Medical Committee for ratification or change.

X.

These rules are to be given to nurses for their agreement thereto before being accepted.

XI.

Diplomas will be issued to nurses, after a written examination in the branches required by the Medical Committee

RULES FOR NON-MISSIONARY STUDENT NURSES.

Having filled out the required application blank and been accepted by the Committee on Students, they will be governed as follows:-

I.

Tuition Twenty-five (\$25.00) Dollars, payable out of the first six months' service, each, of two years.

II.

The Medical Committee is to have charge of nurses, and the President and Dean may determine upon what nurses are employed and when special cases may be taken.

III.

The course of the nurses is to be with the medical course until a definite curriculum can be mapped out for nurses by the Medical Committee. They will take lectures with the medical students of the first and second years in Anatomy, Chemistry, Physiology, and Materia Medica, Emergencies, Minor Surgery, and in addition, attend some talks on nursing arranged specially for them.

IV.

The charge for nurses shall be Fifteen (\$15.00) Dollars after the first six months, and Ten (\$10.00) Dollars prior to the first six months, per week, payable to the treasurer and checked out to the nurse doing the work.

V.

The nurses are to be paid monthly and to be employed by members of the teaching body of our college only.

VI.

Their board and expenses for books and uniforms are to be borne by themselves.

VII.

District nursing will be expected of them free, and student nurses will be expected to attend lectures punctually when not attending cases, and to do any service among the poor, at the dispensaries, or at the patients' homes, required of them by the physician in charge.

Student nurses will be expected to give an average of at least two hours a day, in class or at home or when nursing.

1006 Century Building

Nov 17th, 1906.

The monthly meeting of the executive meeting was held as above, the following members being present: Rev. Dr. Wilmer, presiding, Rev. Dr. Converse, Drs. Dorkontt, and Gaston and H. A. Etheridge.

Meeting open with prayer, after which minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Dr. Dorkontt presented a statement of reasons for the existence of such an institution in Atlanta and the South as the I. M. MC, which statement he had prepared to be used in soliciting funds for the college.

The statement was approved by the committee and three hundred copies for distribution were ordered printed. Also some cards and receipt bl

Dr. Dorkontt then presented a statement of expenses incurred during the month of October, amounting in all to \$56.34.

A resolution was passed for the renting of a room on Piedmont Ave. to be used for dissecting purposes at \$12.50 per month for December and January with privilege of renewal.

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned.

H. A. Etheridge
Secy.

WHY SHOULD THE INTERNATIONAL MEDICAL MISSIONARY COLLEGE EXIST,
AND WHY BE LOCATED IN ATLANTA, GA.

#####

1st. Because of the great need for medical aid and Gospel effort in non-Christian lands. There is one doctor to five hundred persons in the United States, and one medical missionary to two millions in mission lands. In the entire world there are only 750 Medical Missionaries to nearly 1,500,000,000. We have 2,000 to 1,000,000; they have 1 to 2,000,000. Think of it! (See foot note.)

2d. Because of the great value of medical agency:

- (a) In breaking down prejudice and opening doors of welcome to missionaries of the Gospel.
- (b) In caring for the health of the missionaries.
- (c) In largely providing support for the missionaries.

3d. Because Christ "healed the sick" as well as "preached the Gospel," and sent out first twelve, and then seventy, to do the same. He also told about the Good Samaritan, and said "Go, and do thou likewise."

4th. Because there is no other institution of its kind in existence, established on a co-operative basis and managed by members of various evangelical denominations.

5th. Because the high rates charged by the ordinary medical colleges--over \$1,000 in some cases--make medical study prohibitive to many noble men and women anxious to "help the helpless;" whereas this College is able to provide a full medical course free of cost to its students, because its teachers serve gratuitously.

It also provides for the boarding and residence of its students at a cost to them of only \$125 for eight months.

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6th. Because it not only trains men but women also for b/ physicians and nurses, and women are almost as much needed as men, they can often go where men cannot enter.

7th. Because it presents advantages over the ordinary medical college in various ways, among them, the following:

(a) The officers, trustees, teachers and students being Christian men and women and having one common aim are in full sympathy with each other.

(b) Medical missionaries need instruction in various branches not taught in medical colleges, such as Dentistry, Pharmacognosy, Tropical Diseases, Native Medical practices and manners and customs of people to whom they are going.

(c) They also need training in missionary effort no less than in medical practice, and this they obtain in its combined form at the clinics of the college and its branch dispensaries. Thus, while doing medical mission work among the poor here, they learn how to do it in other lands.

(d) By being taught in small classes, students are brought into closer touch with teachers, patients and all object lessons.

(e) The various Mission Boards exercise great care in appointing missionaries and are especially grateful for the fullest knowledge regarding candidates and this can best be obtained in such an institution.

(f) The trustees of the College need such knowledge to guide them as to their re-acceptance of students, none being taken for more than one year at a time.

(g) By students of various denominations living, studying and laboring together, their sympathies are broadened in preparation for work abroad.

As to reasons "why this College should be located in the city

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of Atlanta," many might be adduced, among them the following:

It was started in this city by Atlantans, i.e.: Dr, Gaston and others; while the geographical and commercial center Atlanta occupies, its altitude and healthful location, coupled with the spirit of enterprise of its people from a religious no less than a business stand point, might also be urged in favor of its location.

The many costly churches in Atlanta witness to the religious spirit and generosity of its people and might well obtain for it the title of "The City of Fine Churches."

Having thus generously provided for its needs at home, the Christian Church is now looking out toward "the ends of the earth," and, while listening to the command of its Divine Master, "Go ye into all the world" hears also the piteous plea of suffering millions--suffering in body and soul--"Come over and help us."

Because Atlanta has led the way in many good causes and large enterprises, the opportunity has come to this "Gate City of the South" to establish in its midst an institution bringing to itself from all over this and other lands, men and women to live and labor as missionaries among its people and then go to to "the corners of the earth" and thus extend the influence of what may well be characterized as "No mean city," in that its sympathies are not confined to itself but only limited by the circumference of the globe.

In further proof of the need for such an institution, it may be stated that during the present year over one hundred young men and women have written from nearly every state, Canada and Great Britain, and non-medical missionaries now serving in Africa, India, Japan and the West Indies, have expressed their desire to come to the College to study medicine ere they return to their fields.

What is now proposed is to raise \$100,000 by means of scholarships on a co-operative basis, costing \$1,000 each, for the use

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of the denomination for which they are given, and named after missaries, or, as donors wish.

Provision will thus be made for one hundred students for residence and instruction. A central college building and two dormitories, one for each sex, each costing \$25,000, and allowing \$25,000 for cost of land and furnishing and equipment of buildings, will provide the necessary accommodation.

Two scholarships have been started, one to the memory of Dr. W. R. Summers, who died on the farther side of the Congo in 1881 and the other to Samuel N. Lapsley, who followed him in 1891 and died there in 1894.

The College has been legally chartered and is located in rented premises at 104 Edgewood Avenue. It is now in full operation with ten students and a Medical Faculty.

The sum of \$1,000 is needed at once, nearly one-half of which has been secured, to further equip the class rooms, etc., and proceed with the work while funds are being raised for buildings.

There are twenty-one trustees representing seven Evangelical denominations. Of these, one-third are ministers; one-third physicians and one-third business men and lawyers. Ex-Governor W. J. Northen, Chairman of the Board, H. A. Etheridge, Secretary, and A. W. Farlin, Treasurer.

Dr. J. McFadden Gaston is Dean of the College, the President being the writer of the foregoing statement, Dr. George D. Dowkontz, who has been engaged in medical mission work over thirty years, the last twenty-five in New York City, training medical missionaries and has now come to Atlanta to forward this enterprise.

Further information will be gladly furnished by any of the officers or trustees, and any gifts received by them.

104 EDGEWOOD AVENUE, ATLANTA, GA.

November, 1906.

NOTE.—While it is quite true that there is only ONE MEDICAL MISSIONARY TO TWO MILLIONS in non-Christian lands, in some of these countries there are comparatively few physicians who practice Western medicine; but largely through Africa and China, somewhat in India, these suffering millions are left to the mercy of superstition, ignorance and quackery, as exemplified by native physicians.

104 Edgewood Ave.

Feb 7, 1907

The annual meeting of the board of Trustees was held as above, the following members being present: W. J. Northen, in chair; Revs. Dr. Converse, Wilmer and Millard; Drs. Dowkontt, Duncan, Gaston, Wood and Awtry; H. A. Etheridge.

Prayer was offered by Dr. Converse By consent reading of previous minutes held over.

Dr. Dowkontt then presented the following report:

Mr. Chairman & Gentlemen:

Some weeks ago I obtained a commendatory letter to the Baptist pastors, signed by Gov. Northen, Col. Etheridge and Rev. Dr. Millard. On Jan. 20th I presented this letter to the Baptist Pastors' Monday morning meeting, and it was read by Rev. Dr. Millard, the chairman of that body, to those present, followed by the suggestion from him that I be invited at some early day to present the work to that gathering. Accordingly Monday, Feb 4th, was arranged for, on which day I addressed the meeting upon the purpose, plans and work of this College, showing the great need for it, and its character. After I had finished speaking Dr. Landrum arose and said: that while he did not wish to influence any other man's action, he declined to help the work for the reason that he did not see the need for its existence nor approved of its methods. He was followed by Dr. Broughton who, in strong language denounced the college as an imposition upon the public. He said that we took in "Jews and heathen and anybody else like any other medical college;" further that nurses were sent out to take care of cases who were insufficiently trained to be passed off as trained nurses. In the brief time at my disposal for reply, I spoke in refutation of these statements, the chairman, Dr. Millard, also called upon Dr. Gaston to speak, and he did so in substantiation of my statements so far as time would allow. Two reporters were present from the Georgian and the Journal, and at Dr. Millard's request, as also at Dr. Broughton's, they omitted reference to the criticisms made. However, two days later in the Constitution for Wednesday, Feb 6th, there appeared a garbled denunciatory statement which

was stated by the editor to have been furnished by "Dr. Broughton and others".

Sub
Respectfully ^{sub}mitted, with copy of article referred to, for your consideration and action.
Geo. D. Dowkontt, 1 rest.

After the discussion of the subject, it was resolved that the executive committee be instructed to prepare and publish a statement on behalf of the Board, in refutation of the adverse criticisms and false statements contained in said article in Constitution of Feb 6th.

Election of officers and trustees deferred till next meeting by general consent, and meeting adjourned subject to call of ex. com.

The Executive Committee met at four oclock on same day and place present Gov. Northen, Drs Converse, Wilmer, Dowkontt and Gaston.

After a full discussion as to points to be taken up in reply etc., Rev. Dr. Wilmer was instructed to prepare and present a paper by the following noon.

Noon. Feb 8th at Gov Northen's place

Present: Same members as at previous meeting, and paper presented by Dr. Wilmer and approved for publication.

Adjourned meeting Board of Trustees
Noon, Feb 14th, Collegedg.

Present, Rev Dr. Millard, Chairman, Rev. Dr. Converse, Drs. Dunca Dowkontt, Gaston, Wood and Awtry.

Dr. Dowkontt acted as secretary, in absence of secretary.

Prayer offered by Dr. Millard. Minutes of meetings of Oct 16, and Feb 4th, read and approved.

Dr. Dowkontt reported for the ex. com. that a statement had been drawn up and published by the ex. com. in the Constitution for Feb 11th copy of which is herewith appended in minute book.

Dr. Dowkontt further reported that Dr. Millard had voluntarily made a statement at Baptist Ministers Conference on Feb 11th, strongly advocating the work of the College and fully clearing up the charges made by Drs. Landrum and Broughton.

Continued on page 70.

UPHOLDS SCHOOL

Replies to Charges of Broughton
and Landrum.

Prominent Member of the Tabernacle
Baptist Church Is Secretary and
Treasurer of Board of Trus-
tees of the School Which
Was Attacked.

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In reply to the attacks of Drs. Landrum and Broughton on the International Medical Missionary school, the secretary of the trustees, Harry A. Etheridge, who is one of the officers of Dr. Broughton's church and a leading worker, has furnished The Constitution with an interesting statement in which he charges that the other medical colleges of the city are pervaded by an un-Christian and disreputable moral atmosphere."

He states that the incident was surprising in view of the fact that Dr. Dowknott and Dr. Gaston were the invited guests of the ministers, and, says he, "the attack made upon their institution and in their very presence does not comport with one's idea of common decency, to say nothing of Christian courtesy."

To a representative of The Constitution Mr. Ekheridge said:

"I am not one of those whose propensity it is to rush into the public prints on all occasions, but from the standpoint of personal privilege, I must say a word in reply to the attack made by Drs. Landrum and Broughton upon the International Medical Missionary college.

For more than a year I have been secretary of the board of trustees of this institution, and have attended all the meetings and kept the minutes. I am therefore conversant with its purposes and aims, its hopes and aspirations, as well as its struggles and difficulties that we have had to contend with.

"The minutes show that Dr. Landrum became a trustee of the college on September 23, 1904. He sent me a letter of resignation on April 25, 1906. I am somewhat surprised that one of his keen perception and discriminating mind should require almost two years to find out that it was an institution that he should have nothing to do with." His letter of resignation gave no reason for so doing except pressure of other duties.

Dr. Broughton's Charges.
 "Now as to the aspersions of Dr. Broughton I will speak more freely, because for six years I have been a deacon in his church. Among his charges I find that the college is posing for what it is not; that it 'claims to be a medical

missionary college, and gets money from the churches on that ground.' Well, it has never gotten a dollar from his church on that ground or any other ground, and I think the same may be as truly said of Dr. Landrum's church.

"Dr. Broughton charges further that

y. the college is putting itself into 'cheap
y. competition' with the 'reputable (I didn't
of know ours was disreputable) institutions
of the city.' It is true that this college
has some pay students, but they pay
in even more than at other colleges, and
3- prefer to come here, as they say, rather

than to undergo the un-Christian and 'disreputable' moral atmosphere that often pervades the regular medical college. I quote the following from the by-laws of the institution: 'All students must be members of some evangelical church and must be indorsed by their pastors and

allow the trustees to accept some students who do not intend to become medical missionaries, but these shall pay fees as if they would. The board of trustees will thus aid in the support of the institution. Only those of Christian character, however, will be accepted. When the college shall have sufficient funds for its support, only intending missionaries will be accepted.

There have been some things in the past history of the institution which it did not and could not indorse, but as it is now constituted, and has been for many months past, it is worthy of the confidence and aid and financial help of every Christian man who loves the cause of missions and would carry healing to the sick and blind. For months past the board of trustees have been contributing of my small means

Atlanta Georgian Feb 3
**VIOLATE NO ET
SAYS DR. DOWD**

**Replies to Criticism
of Missionary
College.**

**DR. BROUGHTON
IS ANSWERED**

Nurses Sent Out Were Capable of Duties Required

At Low Price.

"The International Medical Missionary College is doing nothing in disregard of the ethics of the medical profession, and I can not see any good reason why any person, particularly a minister, should attack its methods or question its usefulness."

This is the statement of Dr. George D. Dowd, president of the college, whose methods were attacked by Dr. Len G. Broughton at the last meeting of the Atlanta Baptist ministers, and with which institution Dr. W. W. Landrum stated that he would have nothing further to do.

"I was placed in a very peculiar position at this meeting," he continued. "I had been invited by the ministers to address them on the subject of the International Medical Missionary College and Training School for Nurses. I had been indorsed by Dr. Millard, the chairman of the ministers' meeting; by Governor Northern and others."

In response to this invitation, I told the ministers of the history of the institution, of its purposes its needs, and its usefulness. After I had spoken, Dr. Landrum said he would not ask his congregation to contribute to it because he did not see its need and usefulness."

Dr. Broughton's Charges.

"Dr. Broughton followed by attacking the methods of the college, saying, in effect, that we turned loose on unsuspecting people inexperienced girls, representing them to be expert trained nurses. I answered him as fully as I could in the few minutes that were left before adjournment."

"We don't send out nurses who are

THE discussion which arose last Monday at a meeting of the Baptist Ministers' Association in regard to the efficiency of the International Medical Missionary college, resulting in Dr. Landrum, pastor of the First Baptist church, and Dr. Len G. Broughton, pastor of the Tabernacle Baptist church, refusing to indorse that institution and criticizing its mode of management, brought a reply in defense of the college from Harry A. Etheridge, secretary of the board of trustees.

The interview with Mr. Etheridge, which was published in yesterday's Constitution, occasions a reply from Dr. Broughton in which he goes thoroughly into the reasons which actuated him in criticizing the institution, and Miss Kate Lee, a nurse and student in the college, writes in defense of that institution, comparing her experiences there with that which she had in other institutions.

Dr. Broughton's Card.

Dr. Broughton's communication is as follows:

"I have no disposition to do injury to anybody or to any institution. I regard the matter of the public criticism of the International Medical Missionary college as very unfortunate. What was said was supposed to have been said in secret. The Constitution reporter was not present, but had some way of getting the story, and when I was asked if it was true, I could only say yes. Dr. Dowd knott was an invited guest. And more than that, he desired the chance to present the claims of life school to our churches and hence this occasion was arranged for consideration of the subject in all of its aspects. That was the purpose of the occasion.

"Every Baptist pastor in the city knows that Dr. Dowd knott has persistently desired to get us to help him to raise money for his work, and hence this occasion was welcomed as an opportunity to look into, and carefully judge, our work on the premises. As for Dr. Gaston, he was not invited, although we were delighted to have him, trusting that he might help inform us, so that we might know how to inform our churches.

"My position in the matter was a responsible one. I know medicine and the rules, regulations and ethics that govern it. I was the only preacher there that did. I knew that the institution's professional methods were not proper, and I felt that I ought to frankly say so.

"I fully stated my confidence in Dr. Dowd knott as a good and grand Christian gentleman. I commended medical missionaries. I stated my unequalled confidence in the trustees of the institution. But I said that they were business men, and were not poets concerning medical ethics and methods of work and training. Certainly this is so. I would not think of directing my beloved and able friend, Colonel Etheridge, in the methods and ethics of conducting a law school or class. I know his ability and believe in his thorough fairness. His position, therefore, in such matters I, personally, could not question.

"The question raised concerning this institution is wholly one of a professional character, which involves the safety of human life. It is not one of personal honesty of purpose. Dr. Dowd knott knew beforehand where I stood: We had talked over the situation, and with many arguments he was in hearty sympathy with me.

"In my remarks before the Pastors' Conference I never used the words 'fraud' and 'quack.' I said 'I thought that sending nurses out who had never been inside of a hospital was an imposition' upon the public, and yet I said that I should like to use another word that was less harsh. If I could, as I felt sure that it was with an 'imposition' motive that it was done, I know that I was courteous in what I said and meant no personal or unkind reflection upon anybody. I could get together on the points of difference I would be glad, and the only way to get together would be to get into the situation. My main contention: I will state it, and if I am not fair, and what I claim is not for the good of the community, I am willing to be

hospital drilling. It is not fair to the public, nor to the public. How could she feel going out to China, if she is going to be a missionary, and could not arrange an operating room for a patient? And any surgeon is bound to say that this can't be learned by reading text books. It takes long and constant drilling.

"Finally, is it fair to the noble profession of the trained nurse to require that she shall spend three years of constant practical work in the hospital, as well as have book knowledge? We get her diploma from the regular and recognized hospital training school, and then for another institution to graduate her? How would a good and experienced nurse, who never serve one day in hospital discipline, and more than that, who only take two years of text book work? Would it be good ethics in a school of science? There are already three good, Christian hospital schools of training for Christian nurses in the city. They live by the gifts of the people. At least one of them requires a regular course of its nursing, and they require three years of hospital work, as well as text books study. We do not object to as many more as can live, but we do require that before they can get out, they should have had some training work, and give their pupils the required hospital experience."

Card From Miss Lee.

Miss Lee writes as follows:

"In reply to statements made in the Constitution in regard to the nurses of the International Medical Missionary college, I wish to state that I am a student in this college and have been since the 1st of October. I have met a patient on the point of the death of one that was nursed by one of our nurses, I do not know when it was.

"I wish to say that as far as nurses being turned down by the hospital institutions and rejected by this letter, I investigate for yourself and see why these nurses left the institution before you say they were turned down for being incompetent to work.

"As for myself, I have been public to know that I was told after staying in an institution for three months, and not losing a day during this time from ill health, that having been operated on some three years ago, my health was not strong enough to stand the work in the hospital.

"If this be true, then my advice to others is not to be operated on if it takes their health. I would like to say that I was never in better health in my life than I am at the present time.

"The idea is to run such institutions on the plan of probation, taking the nurse on for a three month probation. The work they are required to do at this time is of course scrub work. Do you wonder the nurses have no health when they are even required to scrub bacteria? These nurses are being turned down every three months, as there is always some one else ready to take a place.

"As for myself, I have been nursing for several years and have had five months' training in this institution. I don't think it takes a nurse three years to learn how to take temperature, and give baths and medicine. Furthermore, she gets most of her training from text books. It is true she must have practical work as well as book theory, which she is doing when on private duty.

"Only a short while ago I was in charge of a patient who had previously had a graduate nurse. I was told by the physician in charge that my work was just as satisfactory as that of the other nurse, but that let her stay as we only receive a nurse a week. But such is life. You will find that the devil is always trying to down God's work. Everyone knows God's people are to be persecuted, so that let us try as we can, to be surprised at being attacked on any side. It is our purpose to relieve our patients and not to work for

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nurses training school to graduate nurses, whether for missionaries or not, after two years of training, here can be no such thing as a nurse's training school, with a hospital for training. All the text-books (operation can't teach a girl the how, or her profession. She needs, and must have, sight training, and that under the correction and instruction of a hospital system."

Sends Girls to Nurse.

"Again, the institution sends these girls who have never had any hospital training out into the city to nurse the sick for from \$10 to \$15 per week. They are almost as soon as they enter, sink of a girl being in charge of the administration of drugs, poisons, etc., who has not been drilled in the actual science of such things. Think of the thousands of things that a nurse ought to see before she is to be sent out to nurse. Is this a just contention? Training in the homes with the sick is not hospital training. It is good, and all institutions give some of it to their pupils, but never until they have had hos-

TRUSTEES OF COLLEGE ANSWER ALL ATTACKS

69

THE CONSTITUTION has received the following card from the trustees of the "International Medical Missionary College":

Editor Constitution:
To The Atlanta Constitution of Wednesday, February 6, appeared an article under the name of Edward Young Clarke on the "International Medical Missionary College," purporting to give verbatim reports of remarks made at the Baptist ministers' Monday morning meeting by the Rev. Drs. Landrum and Broughton, severely attacking the institution. The article was furnished with flaming headlines, such as "Institution Denounced as Unchristian," "Masquerading Under False Pretenses," and the like. The undersigned chairman and members of the executive committee of the institution in question have been authorized by the board of trustees to present the following reply to accusations which in the gravest manner are made against the institution relative to a body of men performing a labor of love in the best method at present attained.

In The Constitution of February 8 Dr. Broughton declares that the remarks made at the Baptist ministers' meeting were "supposed to have been said in private and, of course, in his own showing not for publication. In the first place we assert that some of the remarks attributed to Dr. Gaston in Mr. Clarke's article as having been made in open meeting were as a matter of fact made to the Rev. Dr. Broughton in private. How, then, we desire to ask, did the reporter learn of them? Certainly not from Dr. Gaston. Moreover, we call attention, in passing, to the fact that the quoting of Dr. Gaston's defense of The Constitution as having been made before the assembled ministers, when in fact such defense was made in private, is inaccurate and untrue because it is not so. It appears that an opportunity of defense was enjoyed by Dr. Gaston which he did not actually have for lack of time. Furthermore, from whatever source this extraordinary report comes, it entirely fails to give a defense of the institution which was made by its president, Dr. Dowdnett. We are also authorized to deny the language put into Dr. Landrum's mouth, in so far as it reflects upon the institution. Thus the whole article is tainted with a betrayal of confidence, in the first place, and is biased and untrue in the second. We desire now to reply, point to point, to the accusations made. It is true that some of this report has been since repudiated by Dr. Broughton, but the article has gone its way, to be read by thousands who may never see the partial repudiation made by Dr. Broughton in this morning's Constitution.

1. It is charged that our institution is "posing for what it is not," in that it receives contributions for training medical missionaries gratis and yet takes in payment those who do not intend to become missionaries. That an institution, while struggling to get on its feet should take in students of approved Christian character and charge for them is a course of such obvious necessity and right that none but a jaundiced eye could see anything wrong in it. Would a charitable hospital which received pay from those able to pay be masquerading under false pretenses? Would it be precluded from asking for help to do its charity work?

Charge Is Untrue.
2. We are charged with putting ourselves into "cheap competition" with "reputable institutions." If by that it is meant that we undertake other institutions, the charge is untrue. We are first accused of charging too much, and then with not charging enough. The insinuation that our institution is not "reputable" is itself "cheap," in fact, gratuitous. The charge to paying students for four years' course is \$430, as stated in our prospectus.

3. It is said that we are looked upon "with decided disfavor by the medical profession." We deny that any one man, and that not a practicing physician, has the right to speak for the whole medical profession. The men of our faculty, themselves are reputable members of the medical profession, and whether any individual physician does or does not look with favor upon our work, the point is, nothing is done that is below the standard.

4. It is charged that we are "foisting the public," in that we allow "inexperienced nurses to practice and experiment on oftentimes dying patients." It is a settling maxim of law and the dictate of common justice that charges should be made definite in order to admit of defense. We simply deny the allegation of "foisting" out, and call on the accuser to mention one single instance in which our student nurses have ever been allowed to "practice and experiment" on a patient. Calling to make such specification and support it with evidence to convict, the charge must recoil on the accuser.

5. There is some approach to definiteness, but still all too much of vagueness in the charge that we "actually take girls who are turned down by reputable hospitals because of incompetence, and start them out at once doing district nursing at good pay." Dr. Broughton has evidently been misinformed regarding one single instance, and that, based upon that misinformation a charge that is as sweeping in its extent. Such methods are grossly unfair, and particularly out of place in a censor of public and private morals. The simple fact is that the faculty made a certain use of one pupil that had left Dr. Broughton's sanitarium, and they have evidence that she did satisfactorily what was assigned to her, which was at the Presbyterian hospital. In this connection it should be stated, that no injustice whatever is done or can be done to graduated nurses by the use of student nurses, provided it is distinctly understood by all concerned that such nurse is only a student nurse. This was understood in the above case by the authorities of the hospital. Every physician knows that he has ordinarily to rely upon persons of no training and of very doubtful reliability to see that his directions are carried out in the sick room; and if he can get an intelligent girl, some one trained and experienced, to take temperature and give medicines at the stated time, he can use such girl to advantage, even though she be not equal in all respects to a fully trained nurse. In this way, patients of moderate means are given good nursing, even if it is not the best; whereas on our critic's plan they would have none at all.

Have No Hospital.

6. It is charged that we have no hospital for the training of our nurses. At this point we charge that it is untrue. Concerning this, we need only say that Rome was not built in a day. We cannot do everything that we would like to do at once. Possibly that immaculate institution, the Tabernacle Infirmary, against which we make no charge, did not spring forth fully equipped, like Minerva from the brow of Jove, all at once, but came by slow degrees to its present position of usefulness. So long as any institution is doing a needed and a good work, and is doing that work honestly and about as well as it can, it will not be kicked by those who have gotten ahead. When we get more means we will do better work; but it seems peculiarly unchristian to abuse an honest work because the means at hand do not permit of anything better, and at the same time intimated that its efforts to get means to improve its work. We want it distinctly understood not only that no deception is practiced in any particular as regards the work our student nurses can perform, but that the greatest pains are taken by our faculty to keep oversight over those students in their work in the homes of their patients. Whether when nursing the poor without pay, or caring for others affording small remuneration.

7. Finally, the reporter quotes Dr. Broughton as speaking of this institution as a "quack institution." In this morning's Constitution he repudiates the correctness of this report in this particular. Be that as it may, it is proper to call attention to the men who are doing the work of this institution, the work of training men and women for medical work as the foreign missionary field. The president, Dr. Dowdnett, graduated (1881) of the Jefferson Medical college, of Philadelphia. Dr. Dowdnett has had wide experience in foreign lands, while serving in the British royal navy for sixteen years. For the past twenty-five years, however, he has been engaged in medical mission work and the training of medical missionaries in New York and left that city for Atlanta in member last on the invitation of the

board of trustees of this college. He is the author of several books on medical missions, including "Murdered Millions versus Medical Missions," "Tell them of the Life Story of a Medical Missionary," "A Summer's Fishing on the Bowery," etc., and was for fifteen years the editor and publisher of "The Medical Missionary Record" in New York city.

Gives Whole Time to Work.

He gives his whole time to the work and alone receives (a small) compensation. Other men on the faculty are the dean, Dr. J. McF. Gaston, first honor graduate of his class at the Southern Medical college of Atlanta; Dr. Isaac T. Catron, graduate of the St. Louis College of Physicians and Surgeons, one of our city physicians, and captain in the Fifth regiment (G. S. T.); Dr. E. L. Awtry, graduate and valedictorian of his class, Southern Medical college; Dr. W. S. Wood, graduate of Southern Medical college; Dr. J. W. Duncan, graduate of the Atlanta Medical college, one of the oldest practitioners of Surgery and surgeon and major in the Fifth regiment (G. S. T.); Dr. Charles F. Maddox, graduate of Southern Medical college, specialist in diseases of ear and eye. Among the lecturers is the well known Dr. Henry Bak, (1872), who lectures on tropical diseases. These names are a sufficient guarantee that only sound methods will be followed in science and ethics.

The board of trustees is composed of seven ministers, representing as many denominations; seven physicians, and seven laymen. The institution is open to students of both sexes of all evangelical denominations. The purpose is the education of medical missionaries and trained nurses for Christian missionary work at home and abroad, who shall, in conjunction with missionaries labor in Christ's name for the salvation of the bodies as well as souls of men. To this high end the faculty have been striving freely of their time and means. They ask no other reward than the consciousness of good work well done, but they feel that they should not wantonly be attacked.

Following members of executive committee:

(Signed.) W. J. NORTHERN, Chairman.
C. B. WILMER,
THOS. E. CONVERSE,
GEO. D. DOWDNETT,
J. M. F. GASTON.

Atlanta Journal -
FEBRUARY 11, 1907.

S BAPTIST MINISTERS

The International Medical Missionary college, which was attacked at the last meeting by Dr. Landrum and Dr. Broughton, the chairman of the conference, who is one of the trustees of the college. He stated that testimonials are required of all who attend the college and that the work they do as student nurses is under the charge of the medical physicians. Before adjourning, the conference adopted resolutions of regret on the departure of Rev. J. S. Dunlap, formerly pastor of the South Side Baptist church, who has resigned in order to pursue post-graduate studies at Harvard.

DEFENDS THIS INSTITUTION.

Dr. Hennes, a Graduate of the International Medical Missionary College, Defends It.

Dr. John H. Hennes, the first graduate of the International Medical Missionary college, a licensed pharmacist and physician whose professional education was acquired in several noted medical colleges and completed at the International Medical Missionary college, comes to the defense of that institution under the attacks made upon it.

Dr. Hennes states that the faculty of the International Medical Missionary college is composed of men of the highest Christian type and professional ability, and that the training received by students at this institution is thorough and excellent; that he personally knows of a number of students being denied enrollment at the college because they were not qualified, it being required that every student be a member of a church and of good moral character.

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Dr. Dowkontt then presented his report for 1906, which upon motion was duly accepted and ordered to be spread on the minutes.

REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT FOR THE YEAR 1906.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen:-

As you are aware, I spent the first four months of the past year in Atlanta at your invitation seeking to develop and further the interests of this institution. During those months meetings were addressed, the great Students Missionary Conference in Nashville attended, and other opportunities embraced. A large quantity of literature was prepared by me and sent out to ministers and others, and communications to 1000 Y M C A,s and 250 religious journals, one result being that during the year nearly one hundred and twenty young men and women were heard from with reference to prospective medical missions. A large majority of these are still in college and will not be able to take up medical missionar y study for two or three years, but desire to plan their future ahead. Some have already filled out their papers fully, been indorsed by their ministers and friends, and been accepted by the committee on Students for next fall.

In accordance with your electing me to the presidency of your college at your meeting in April, I returned to Atlanta Sept. 28th to remain till the end of May next, at which time my term will expire. During the past year we have enrolled ten students,-five men and five women.

Four of the women are student nurses, the other six students taking the full medical course. Of the ten students, three young men and one young woman are medical missionaries. All of the students are earnest workers, and all indorsed by their pastors and friends as church members in good standing, and all have been accepted by the committee on Students.

From present indications there will be at least ten medical missionary students ready to come to us in the fall. What is now needed is to secure the necessary funds to adequately care for and train them. As I pointed out at our meeting in October, we are weak financially, and need to be strengthened there. With a view to this, I prepared a circular which was approved by the executive committee, and had three hundred copies printed and issued. In a recent issue of the Atlanta Georgian an ex-editorial
cellent notice was inserted by the editor in response to my request.

A hearty letter of endorsement was drawn up and addressed to the Baptist pastors, signed by Gov. Northen, H. A. Etheridge and Dr. Millard

This letter was read to the Monday meeting of the ministers by Dr. Millard on Jan 20th, and I presented the subject of the college to them on Monday, Feb 4th with the result stated in my special report to you on Feb 7th and further articles in the press as recorded in the minutes.

In these ways and others I have sought to enlist the interest of the good people here in our work, but the response comes but slowly, one cause for which was brought to light at the meeting on the 4th. In the meantime, of course expenses have gone on that had to be met, and I have expended every dollar I possessed in this way. I have obtained \$280.00 from the North and from our friends, the Society in New York, and I expect \$50.00 more, making in all \$330.00. My salary for seven months from 1st of June amounts to \$350.00 of which I have secured \$330.00 from the North.

As far as our expenditures for the past year are concerned I would point out for our encouragement that when some promised donations have been realized we will be able to meet all the expenses of 1906, amounting to about \$1400.00. The deficit beyond this amount really represents the amount taken over from the former-named school. With regard to my personal expenses, I would report that the cost of boarding for my wife, daughter and self is \$98.43 for three months, Oct. Nov and Dec., a little less than \$33.00 a month. I further paid out on furniture etc \$56.20. These amounts, with 1 1/2 months salary to Dec 31 (\$75.00) make a total of \$229.63 now due to me. Of this sum I will get \$50.00 and give \$25.00, so providing for said \$75.00 salary. The balance I shall be glad to get when available.

The question now to be considered is, what can be done to further this cause and more firmly establish it? In response I suggest that our board of trustees be carefully organized or re-organized as may appear desirable. Vacancies occur at this time in each of the three classes of our membership and a filling of these, especially on the finance committee, should not be proceeded with hurriedly. I would suggest that the executive committee be appointed a nominating committee to name men to fill vacancies in the board and report to the board as soon as they may be ready to do so. Then let the finance committee confer as to the best means to adopt to secure the needed funds, and the ministers upon the board confer and act also; while the medical committee seek to

add suitable physicians to the teaching staff.

In view of the events of the past week, including the adverse criticism spoken and published, although amply answered and refuted, we have arrived at a most important crisis in our history as an institution, and following upon our re-organization, we must see to it that thoroughness marks our every detail. In order to this, we must have money. Situated as we are, we are certainly unable in some ways to do the best work, although we have done and are doing the best we can with the means at our disposal. Having re-organized our board in the way suggested with some men of means carefully selected and pledged to active co-operation, we might issue over the names of these 21 men the statement I prepared in November, or any modification of same that may seem wise. Having so done, backing it by our prayers and activities, we shall have done all in our power, and can but await the result. The adverse criticisms made of our college have but opened the door to a wider knowledge of the work we are trying to do and securing the help we need to establish it. I recall the words of Shakspeare: "There is a tide in the affairs of men, which, taken at the flood, leads on to fortune", and we may avail ourselves of the adverse wave intended to swamp us and mount upon it to desired success. That such may be the case is the desire of

Yours to serve,

Geo. D. Dowkontt.

It was moved, seconded and carried that the executive committee act as a nominating committee and suggest names to the board to fill existing vacancies, or those likely to occur.

Upon motion duly seconded, meeting adjourned upon call of the executive committee.

G. D. Dowkontt,
Acting Secretary.

104 Edgewood Avenue, April 4, 1907.

The adjourned meeting of the Board of Trustees was held as above the following members being present.

Rev. Dr. Converse, Mr. Wood White, Drs. Dowkontt, Gaston, Wood and Awtry and Messrs. A. W. Farlinger and H. A. Etheridge.

In the absence of Gov. Northen, Chairman of the Board, Mr. Wood White was voted to the chair. Prayer being offered by Rev. D. Converse, the minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved. Dr. Dowkontt then presented the following report and suggestions. *See page 74*

After some discussion thereon, action was deferred until the next meeting. The Treasurer Mr. Farlinger, presented his report as follows:

Receipts - From Jan. 1, 1906 to May 4, 1907.

Contributions	\$1131.57
Med. Student fees	152.50
Nurses' Earnings	131.50
	\$1415.07

Expenditures	1367.51
Cash in Bank	47.56
	\$1415.07

Liabilities, including \$350	.
due Dr. Dowkontt,	\$ 850.00
Donation, Dr. Dowkontt	100.00
Other promises	300.00
	\$ 550.00

A vote of thanks was voted to Mr. Farlinger as treasurer, also a vote of thanks was accorded to the Woman's Miss. Society for their kind co-operation, and that the Secretary inform the Society of this action.

After some discussion as to the advisability of opening the doors of the college to private students, not necessarily members of churches

the meeting adjourned without taking definite action upon this and other points considered, to meet again in two weeks or sooner at the call of the ~~Soc.~~ Com.

H. A. Etheridge,
Secretary

The International Medical Missionary College

Atlanta, Ga., April 4, 1907.

Report of the President to the Board of Trustees presented at meeting held on above date.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen:

It appears desirable at this time that I should place *before* the following facts.

As you are aware I was elected President of the college for one year from June 1, 1906 at a salary of \$50 a month, with board for self and family during eight months of the year.

I have been in Atlanta since Sept. 28th endeavoring in various ways to build up the institution, but regret to report up to this date I have not been able to secure the necessary funds, or co-operation of pastors and others to obtain them.

Several things have contributed to this result, among them being,

First: A lack of general interest in the cause of Medical Missions, and at times an expressed opinion from leading pastors that they did not see the need for such an institution, as stated by the Rev. Dr. Landrim, the former president of this college.

Second: A spirit of distinct antagonism on the part of some physicians and others, because of former relationships with promoters of this movement, or for other reasons, as in the case of ~~Rev. Dr.~~ Broughton.

Third: The coming into existence of the Atlanta School of Medicine, after this college was founded, and its draft upon the teaching force of physicians, making it impossible to secure ^{a sufficient number of} able teachers; and further, by the opening of its doors freely, or nearly so, to missionaries.

Fourth: The strenuous efforts being made in the community to raise funds, to build the Baptist Tabernacle and the Presbyterian Hospital, both undertakings drawing heavily upon the people from whom we had reason to expect support for this undertaking.

These, and possibly other causes, have prevented our being able to secure the necessary funds to place the college on an efficient and satisfactory basis, so that we cannot retain the students we have,

nor induce others to come.

Further we find ourselves in debt, which is daily increasing.

The treasurer will report to you our financial standing in detail, and I will content myself by simply referring to some points in that connection.

Outside of any thing due to me personally, I believe we owe to April 1st from \$500 to \$550, about as follows: Rents \$150, printing \$150, advertising \$120, plumbing etc \$80, Total \$500.

It is but just to add that about \$400 indebtedness was left over from 1905. At a meeting held last April some pledges were made, only part of which have been realized, leaving about \$200 due, which if paid in, would bring the general deficit down to \$300.

With regard to myself personally, I would explain that in Sept. last, after paying the fare of my wife, daughter and self from New York, amounting to about \$75, I had \$75 left, which was all that I possessed, after 30 years of Medical Mission Service. This amount was soon expended in providing furniture and other necessary things for our use, and in behalf of the college.

Since I arrived in Atlanta, I have not received a single dollar of money raised in the South, either for food or salary, so that the general indebtedness referred to, is not due to my presence in Atlanta. I have drawn salary for the seven months of 1906 to Dec. 31st, amounting to \$350, of which sum I obtained \$305 from friends, or my society in New York; and gave \$25 myself, leaving \$20 as from Atlanta, but I have paid out more than twice this sum on furniture, postage, etc which has not yet been ^{re}paid to me.

During the past six months, my family and myself have had the use of rooms at Dr. Gaston's residence, and have there made home for Mr. Leach and Miss Chute, two Medical Missionary students. By Mrs Dowkontt doing the housekeeping, cooking, etc. the expense of boarding for myself and family has averaged \$33 a month, including gas, coal, laundry and any necessary help, or \$200 for six months, beyond what the students paid in for their board.

Up to April 1st, there was due to me the \$200 for boarding, and \$150 salary for Jan., Feb., and March, totaling \$350.

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Of this amount I will donate \$100 of my salary if you will pay me the remaining, \$250, I would make this less, but I owe \$100 in Atlanta, \$75 being due Mr. Farlinger for provisions, and I expect to remain in the city some weeks longer and will need money for board during that time; and \$75 for fare to New York. According to my appointment I am under salary and board to May 31st.

Regarding the \$164 due for these two months, I propose to relieve the trustees of that amount also, and my final balance sheet will be as follows: Salary, one year- June 1, 1906 to May 31, 1907 \$600, Boarding allowance 8 months, \$33 per month, \$264, Total \$864.

Of this sum I obtained from New York \$305, donated or remitted, \$289, hope to get from Atlanta \$270, total \$864.

In this way my services for the year will have cost Atlanta \$270, and will bring the general indebtedness to about \$550. After promises of \$200 ~~SPS~~ paid in, otherwise to \$750.

In view of this condition of things only one course seems wise or open to us. First: To stop all further expense and second to pay our liabilities; towards the latter, I feel that I have done all that is possible to me. ^{it} and will land me in New York \$150 poorer than I was in Sept.

And now comes the question of what to do with the institution under all the circumstances. This matter is of course, entirely one for the Board to consider and decide upon, but with the single purpose of aiding the trustees in coming to a decision, I would support the following action.

First: That the College, as a body, remain intact, reelect its present officers and committees and simply "close down" for the time being, and wait the receipt of the necessary fund to place it upon an efficient and satisfactory basis, and until that is an evident possibility to the trustees, no responsibility, financial, or otherwise, shall be incurred.

If the trustees so desire, I will retain the office of president but without any remuneration while the work of the college is in abeyance.

Second: And in keeping with the above, I would suggest that we give up the dissecting room at \$12.50 from April 1st. Further, that Converse & Wing, from whom the premises 104 Edgewood Ave. are rented, be asked to relieve us from the rental of all but the two small rooms and that they be secured for \$5 a month for April and May, the one as a store room and the other for class room. The janitors could also be discharged, saving \$5 a month. This would bring all expenses for down to simply \$10.

Third: Any property belonging to physicians or others to be returned to them, and any further arrangement as to disposal of fittings, etc. to be left in the hands of the Sec. Com.

Fourth: That the Sec. Com. be empowered to take such steps as may seem to them wise, in the raising of funds necessary to pay on liabilities, and call the Board together in two weeks from date or whenever the Com. may be read to report.

Fifth: That in view of the closing of the College as decided upon, the president be instructed to inform prospective students of this action, and be left free to provide for them in any possible way through the I. M. M. Society of New York or otherwise.

Sixth: That the present students and student nurses of the college be informed of the action of the Trustees, and be given certificates of attendance etc. signed by the president and dean of the college. The present session to continue until May 11th and then close.

Respectfully Submitted,

Edw. A. Howarth
President

April 4th 1907

